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جوردان تابيز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المرسة الصحابة الاردنية ،الراي،

Arafat, who endorsed his efforts, "Now, I want to secure the agreement of the Abu Nidal faction before taking the next step (and contacting

on Abu Nidal's Fatch Revolutionary Council (FRC) after more than a year of tit-for-tat assassinations in Lebanon. "I proposed to the Fatch Revolutionary Council a halt to the massacres to pave the way for an Atmosphere of proposition," and Sheith Accord Burguel At Tamieni atmosphere of reconciliation," said Sheikh Assad Bayoud Al Tamimi, head of the Islamic Jihad — Bait Al Magdes. "And they (the FRC) agreed to debate it among themselves," he told Reuters in an interview. He said that after months of mediation, he was supposed to chair a reconciliation. meeting planned for an undisclosed Arab capital after the end of the Holy Month of Ramadan. But renewed tensions between the two sides torpedoed the talks. Sheikh Tamimi has close personal links with Mr.

Mediator seeks halt to Palestinian feud

AMMAN (R) --- A Muslim cleric trying to mediate a blood feud between

the Palestinian mainstream Fatch movement in Lebanon and a splinter group led by Abu Nidal called Tuesday for a six-month truce to pave the

way for reconciliation talks. Fatch, which is led by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, declared open war Monday

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1993, SHAWAL 15, 1413

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Decree approves new press law

AMMAN (Petra) - A Royal decree was issued Tuesday approving the 1993 Press and Publication Law. The law was recently approved by the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament.

Libya urges boycom the 1 Span Alexander:

Strike Alexander:

TUNIS (R) — An official Liby paper called Tuesday on "spread or boycott United and the specific results of the sp TUNIS (R) — An official Libyan paper called Tuesday on "small countries" to boycott United Nations Security Council resolu-tions, saying the world body had lost credibility. Al Jamahiria newspaper said Israel was allowed to ignore the United Nations and the Security Council therefore had no right to impose its rulings. The Libyan newspaper issued the call a few days before the Security Council reviews sanctions imposed on Libya last year. "Small nations are called upon to announce that they do not care about previous and upcoming Security Council resolutions." Al Jamahiria said according to a report by the official news agency JANA. "Israel... announces each day it does not respect the council nor its resolutions or charters ... yes, the Security Council has lost its credibility in the face of such recklessness, and therefore there is no justification for (the council) to impose its resolutions," the newspaper said.

Police arrest 40 after Cairo protest

CAIRO (R) - Egyptian police arrested about 40 young Muslim militants Tuesday after they tried to organise a protest march from Cairo University to the nearby Israeli embassy, security sources said. The protest happened on the day when a court began the retrial of the militants' spiritual leader, Omar Abdul Rahman (see Page 5) and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak was due to meet U.S. President Bill Clinton in Washington. The sources said police arrested the militants in the early morning before they reached the university campus, where they had planned to gather students and march to the embassy to burn an Israeli flag. Police seized two home-made bombs, a revolver and several knives from those detained.

Emir invites Clinton to visit Kuwait

KUWAIT (R) - The emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, has invited U.S. President Bill Clinton to visit the emirate, the Kuwaiti News Agency said Tuesday. It quoted sources at the Kuwaiti embassy in Washington as saying the emir stressed in his invitation his country's deep appreciation to the United States for leading the Gulf war in 1991 that ended Iraq's seven-month occupation of

Sheikh Ali rejects resignation call

KUWAIT (AP) — Defence Minister Sheikh Ali Al Sabah said Tuesday he had rejected a demand by parliament deputies for resignations of military officers who failed to defend Kuwait against Iraq's August 1990 invasion. The deputies wanted the resignations as a condition for approving 3.5 billion dinars (\$12.25 billion) in military spend-ing over the next decade. Sheikh Ali said he refused this condition but asked senior officials to retire to allow for "new blood" in the military. The Crown Prince and Prime Minister Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah al Sabah, called on the deputies in Tuesday's parliament session not to criticise the military without knowing all the facts and to restrict such discussions to a closed session.

U.S. marine guilty

MOGADISHU (R) — A military court martial found a U.S. Marine guilty Tuesday of aggravated assault for wounding two Somalis after a youth stole his sunglasses. The court martial hearing, held in a sweltering tent in Mogadishu, stripped the marine, Harry Conde, of his rank of gunnery sergeant and docked his pay for one month. "I came to Somalia to restore hope, but what hope do I have," a tearful Conde. from Puerto Rico, told reporters

Israeli soldiers kill

(Agencies) — Israeli soldiers shot and killed a Palestinian youth in a chase in the occupied West Bank Tuesday, military officials said. The dead Palestinian was named as Janan Mohammad Suleiman Hazulia, 24, from the

town of Kabatyeh. The officials said he was shot

Palestinian sources said the army made house-to-house searches in the Deir Al Balah refugee camp in the occupied Gaza Strip.

furniture in homes, forced to clean pro-Palestinian graffiti off walls and beat about 18 Palestinians during

tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official said Tuesday

Palestinians would never accept

an Israeli demand to halt their

six-vear revolt while the Jewish

Abdul Rahim Mallouh, a mem-

ber of the PLO's Executive Com-

was put to the Palestinians as part

of possible confidence-building

gestures to help revive Middle

It was relayed during a meeting

in Washington last month be-

tween Palestinian leader Faisal

A! Husseini and U.S. Secretary

"Israel is demanding an end to

violence against them, and with

the word violence they mean the

Palestinian intifada," Mr. Mal-

"The Palestinian side rejects

this demand ... the (uprising) is a

form of legitimate struggle as

Mr. Mallouh was speaking a

day after the Unified Leadership

of the Uprising in the occupied

territories, aligned with the main PLO faction Fateh, urged Arabs

to inflict painful blows on Israelis.

Palestinians killed 13 Israelis in

March, the highest monthly toll

in nearly four years. In response,

Israel last week closed indefinite-

long as the occupation exists.

of State Warren Christopher.

state occupied their land.

East peace talks.

louh told Reuters.

tim was a shepherd tending his goats outside Kabatiyeh. Army officials said the man appeared "suspect" to the patrol, but did not explain. Army officials said

the victim was not wanted.

In the West Bank town of Nablus, a Palestinian stabbed an Israeli soldier outside an office where Arabs register for jobs in Israel, the army said. The soldier, who was lightly hurt, shot and seriously wounded his assailant.

The motive for the stabbing was not clear. The employment office was open despite a ban on Palestinians entering Israel that has kept 110,000 Palestinian labourers from their jobs since last Wednes-

Last week, Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin indefinitely sealed the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip — barring the two million Palestinians from entering Israel — after a series of attacks

on Israelis. The restrictions are being eased to supply labourers to Israeli farmers and building contractors who depend on cheap Arab labour.

In recent days, the military government in the occupied territories issued entry permits to 1,400 Palestinian farm workers,

the government to let another 4,000 workers into Israel. Some building workers would also be given permits, the report said.

The Rabin government wants to reduce sharply the number of Palestinians employed in Israel. arguing it would improve "security" and make Israel less dependent on Palestinian labour.

At a special cabinet meeting scheduled for Sunday, the government is to decide on additional steps to reduce the Palestinian labour force once the closure is

Proposals include barring private cars with West Bank and Gaza licence plates from entering Israel and reducing the number of crossroads between the occupied territories and Israel.

Housing Minister Benjamin Ben-Eliezer said Monday that Israel would have to rely on its own labour force when the gov, ernment and the Palestinians eventually reach agreement on 'self-rule" for the occupied terri-

Mr. Ben-Eliezer and the Israeli contractors association agreed Monday to train 10,000 Israelis in building jobs now and 30,000. over the next three years.

Two soldiers see different in

Exiles see no solution to their plight AMMAN (Agencies) - Pales- were suspended after Israel ex-

MARJ AL ZOHOUR, Lebanon (R) — Palestinian expellees said Tuesday President Hosni Mubarak's effort to resolve the crisis over their expulsion with U.S. President Bill Clinton would fail because Washington was biased towards Israel.

The Egyptian leader was hold ing talks with Mr. Clinton Tuesday to discuss ways to resume Arab-Israeli peace talks stalled since Israel expelled 415 Palestinians to South Lebanon in De-

"We trust President Hosni Mubarak is seeking a solution to the deportees' issue so that Arab delegates would be able to go to the negotiating table," said Abdul Aziz Al Rantisi, leader of the remaining 396 exiles.

"But I am confident that America provides Israel with unlimited support ... therefore I can't see that there would be any (positive) response from America." he told reporters at the exiles' tent camp.

Dr. Rantisi said he expected the Arab parties to boycott the peace talks because of Washington's pro-Israeli stand but hoped the Arabs would not surprise the expellees by showing up for the negotiations.

He said the exited men would reject any phased return and insisted on returning home collec-

Nabil Shaath, a senior Pales-tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official, said Monday Mr. Mubarak would propose a threephase return of the expellees which he said was an Egyptian idea for a compromise between Palestinian and Israeli positions.

The Palestinians refuse to attend the neace talks unless the United States and Israel agree to a package of assurances and confidence-building measures, in-cluding a promise that there will be no further expulsions.

Israel offered in February to take back 101 exiles immediately and the rest by the end of the

The exiles rejected the U.S.brokered offer, insisting on the implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 799, which stipulates that Israel take back the men immediately.

Dr. Rantisi, a founder of the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas, complained that a stream near the camp, the exiles' main source of water, was about to dry

He said that if water dried up and there was no political solution to their ordeal, the exiles would march to Israeli lines and try to force their way back to their homes "at any cost."

King and Queen leave for Britain

AMMAN (J.T.) — Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor left Amman for the United Kingdom Tues-

The King and the Queen were seen off at the airport by His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Their Highnesses Prince Faisal and Prince Ghazi and

(Continued on page 5)



Clinton says U.S. 'full partner' in peace talks

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - United States have a crucial role President Bill Clinton, hoping to win Arab support for renewed Middle East peace talks, met Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak Tuesday to offer assurances of a balanced U.S. approach to defusing the region's problems.

Mr. Clinton, during a joint news conference at the White House with the Egyptian leader, offered to be a "full partner" in renewed peace talks.

"I am convinced that we share a common vision of a more peaceful Middle East," Mr. Clinton said. "This is a critical period for the

Middle East," Mr. Clinton said.

"Our historic mission is to make this a year of peace.' Mr. Clinton and Mr. Mubarak met reporters following private talks about the prospects for working out a U.S. invitation for the peace talks to resume on April 20 in Washington.

"We believe Egypt and the

to play to all the peace negotiations to reach a successful conclusion" of the talks, Mr. Mubarak

Mr. Clinton, in response to a question from reporters, voiced optimism that "there is reason to believe we can make real head-

Mr. Mubarak agreed, saying he had talked with numerous leaders in the Middle East and was convinced "all of them want to reach peace as soon as possible."

U.S. officials said privately that

Mr. Clinton wanted to use his

first meeting with an Arab leader to stress that he intends to be even-handed in his approach to the peace talks. Various Arab diplomats have

expressed fears that the approach followed by former President (Continued on page 5)

Mubarak meets Christopher,



U.S. President Bill Clinton answers a question as Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak looks on after their talks Tuesday (AFP photo)

Yeltsin gears up for hustings; opponents sneer at summit aid

Boris Yeltsin geared up for a gruelling referendum campaign Tuesday as political foes sneered at his weekend summit with U.S. leader Bill Clinton.

Mr. Yeltsin, 62, returned late Monday from western Canada, a tiring trip half way around the

crippling struggle for power with the more conservative Russian parliament.

Bratsk to vote "Yes" to all four questions — including one calling for early presidential elections apparently keen to simplify the choice for voters. Aides have said the president

will spend the 18 days to polling day trekking back and forth across this giant country drumming up support for his market

Mr. Yeltsin says there is at present no alternative to himself to lead the country of 150 million people. Mr. Clinton, standing beside him at their Vancouver news conference, also said Mr. Yeltsin "embodied" democratic values and promised continued support.

But a spokesman for Mr. Yeltsin's main domestic rival, Parliament Chairman Ruslan Khasbulatov, said Tuesday the parliament was doing much to promote

The personification by the U.S. administration and the West as a whole of the democratic changes in Russia in one single man can hardly be positive for the political situation in Russia and in the world as well," spokesman Konstantin Zlobin told Reu-

He belittled the promise of \$1.6 billion in U.S. aid which Mr. Yeltsin had brought back with

"For this huge country, it is insignificant," Mr. Zlobin said. "I believe the 10 best baseball, tennis and basketball players in the United States get more in a

Communist and nationalist newspapers also poured scorn on the amount in the first comment on the summit — there are no Russian daily newspapers Mon-

'Ten dollars per Russian soul," the former Communist Party daily Pravda headlined its report, adding that this was less than the price of a bottle of

It also compared this amount

Sovetskaya Rossiya said Mr. Yeltsin had returned from Vancouver with "light luggage" and recalled a remark of Vice-President Alexander Rutskoi

Russian mice be satisfied with talk about it?"

Sovetskaya Rossiya described Mr. Yeltsin as a "failed Russian Napolean."

koi, who two weeks ago appeared to throw in his lot with parliament with a searing attack on Mr. Yeltsin, also weighed in with an epithet.

decisive action, to rewrite the constitution as the monarch wants it and to make the government inaccessible," Interfax news agency quoted him as telling a discussion group in Moscow.

Mr. Rutskoi said that if state control was not restored to the economy by the end of June, Russia would face either dictatorship or civil war, Interfax re-

entered **Afghanistan** to block Iran'

OSLO (R) — The Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan in 1979 to prevent Iran's revolutionary fervour from spreading rather than extend Soviet influence during the cold war, a Norwegian histo-

Odd Arne Westad, director of access to long-secret Soviet arehives which showed the Soviet embassy and KGB representa-

very often in cold war terms, of U.S.-Soviet rivalries... this seems to play a very, very limited role," he told Reuters. "The main Soviet worry was Iran." The Nobel Institute, which

oversees the annual peace prize. has advised Moscow on declassifying archives to help scholars. The peace prize was awarded in 1991 to former Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev. Mr. Westad said his research.

based on documents from the International Department of the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist Party — ranging from diplomatic cables to reports prepared for the polithuro. He said the Kremlin, con-

cerned about the spread of Islamic fundamentalism, saw Afghanistan as a buffer state and as a listening post for spying on neighbouring Iran around the time of the 1979 revolution led by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

The invasion, ordered by Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev, was intended to fend off Iran but had the effect of intensifying the cold war in the early 1980s.

Babrak Karmal was installed as Afghan president in the Soviet invasion. His predecessor, Hafizullah Amin, was regarded as less reliable by Moscow and was ex-

The Soviet Union, which had more than 100,000 troops in Afghanistan by 1987, withdrew fully in February 1989 after an occupation during which at least 13,000 Soviet soldiers died.

in Somalia trial

West Bank shephard

near Kabatyeh when he fled after being challenged by an army patrol. The army was investigating the incident, they said.

A soldier shot and seriously wounded a second Palestinian man who stabbed and lightly wounded him in another incident in the West Bank, military officials and Palestinians said.

They said the soldier was stabbed in the neck from behind while on guard outside the employment office in the town of Nablus. He shot his attacker and wounded him seriously, they

Both men were taken to hospital for treatment.

They said soldiers destroyed

PLO rejects Israeli demand to halt revolt

> nelled 415 Palestinians to South Lebanon on Dec. 17. The expulsions sparked further violence. The Palestinians demand the return of the expellees and an Israeli pledge of no more expulsions or human rights abuses before they agree to attend a ninth

mittee, told Reuters the request round of peace talks due to start Washington on April 20. The PLO leadership ended a four-day meeting without deciding on Palestinian participation in next round of peace talks. A member of the Palestinian delegation to the talks, Ghassan Al Khatib, reiterated that Amer-

> The decision on whether to take part in the next round of talks is expected to be made after a meeting in mid-April in Amman of Arab states concerned in the process, the AP said.

ican assurances were "insuffi-

Mr. Khatib expressed hope that President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt would make headway in pleading the Palestinians' case during talks Tuesday with President Bill Clinton.

He hoped Mr. Mubarak would "convince the American administration of the need to dissipate Palestinian fears.'

Mr. Khatib was part of the

ly the West Bank and Gaza Strip. delegation who met last month The 17-month-old peace talks with Mr. Christopher. Hekmatyar warns rivals to accept new government

CHARASAYAB (AP) — Rebel leaders must accept a new Islamic government in Afghanistan or face more bloodshed, prime Minister-designate Gulbuddin

Hekmatyar has warned. Last week, Mr. Hekmatyar dismissed the cabinet formed by the nine rebel factions in April 1992 to replace the ousted communist rulers and said he had picked a new one.

But President Burhanuddin Rabbani immediately reversed the order and said the cabinet would stay on untill he had approved another. The dispute deepened the tensions among former rebei leaders

struggling for control in the Afghan capital of Kabul following 13 years of civil war against the Soviet-backed government. At least 5,000 people have been killed and more than 20,000 others wounded in fighting that began with the overthrown of the former communist regime. Mr. Hekmatyar's radical Hezb-e-Islami faction was blamed for

most of the bloodshed. Speaking to reporters at his base 20 kilometres south of Kabul, Mr. Hekmatyar referred to Mr. Rabbani's government as

Mr. Hekmatyar argued the president had overstepped his authority spelled out in a peace and

power-sharing pact signed last month. He said rebel negotiators had agreed that two cabinet positions would go to each faction.
But the other rebel chiefs said Mr. Hekmatyar had picked the new cabinet without talking to them. Mr. Hekmwtyar has been accused of giving the most powerful portfolios in his new cabinet to

his closest allies. On March 7, the rebel leaders signed a pact in Pakistan and in the Holy City of Mecca to stop fighting, share power and accept Mr. Hekmatyar as prime minis-

But it was unclear how the agreement would be implemented and whether it offered a premanent settlement to the rebels' long-standing differences. "Some people are deliberately

trying to violate this accord so

that it gradually loses its significance and becomes irrelevant," Mr. Hekmatyar said. He warned the new government may be the last chance for a peaceful settlement in AfghanisMOSCOW (R) — President

world, stopping off in the Siberian city of Bratsk for a brief spell on the hustings. He gave a hint of the tactics he will use for the April 25 referendum, which he hopes will end a

Mr. Yeltsin told crowds in

reforms and his leadership.

States was providing in aid per

likening Western aid to cheese in a mousetrap. "If there is no substance, then the appearance will do," it said. "If there is no cheese for the mousetrap, then will the trusting

The nationalist-leaning Ruts-

There are already calls for

Soviets

rian said Tuesday.

research at the Nobel Institute in Oslo, said he had been allowed tives in Kabul had opposed the "We've talked of the invasion

so far unpublished, was partly

ecuted.

The St. Previolen meter which operated

Mubarak confers with Christopher, other U.S. officials

WASHINGTON (USIA) — trade relationship between our Egyptian President Hosni Mubar- two countries." ak Monday began a series of

He had a meeting and working luncheon with Secretary of State Warren Christopher, met with the secretaries of commerce and agriculture and with Senate Majority leader George Mitchell.

The Egyptian president was scheduled to meet with President Bill Clinton Tuesday.

There was no press briefing following Mr. Mubarak's discussions with Mr. Christopher, but prior to their meeting State Department spokesman Richard Boucher said that U.S. officials would discuss the Middle East peace process with the Egyptian

The spokesman pointed out that the United States and Egypt have been supporting the peace process. Egypt is the only Arab country to have concluded a peace treaty with Israel.

Mr. Boucher said the United States continues to be confident that the parties will return to direct Arab-Israeli peace talks on April 20 in Washington.

"We continue to have discussions with the various parties about the (Palestinian) deportees issue and the other questions," he said, adding the United States continues to stress the importance of returning to the negotiation table on April 20.

He said Mr. Christopher and Mr. Clinton would bring Mr. Mubarak up-to-date on U.S. discussions with the Palestinians, who were in Washington late last month. The Egyptian leader also will be briefed on U.S. contacts with the other parties to the Arab-Israeli peace process and on "some of the more specific issues that are being discussed," Mr. Boucher said.

"I think the Egyptian government has made clear that it believes it's important for the parties to attend the peace talks on April 20," he said.

Earlier in the day, Mr. Mubarak had separate meeting with Senator Mitchell, Agriculture Secretary Mike Espy and Commerce Secretary Ron Brown.

Mr. Espy, in remarks to journalists following his meeting said the discussion centred upon "the

meetins with key members of the Clinton administration.

market for our agricultural commodities.. and the United States is very interested in maintaining a very productive relationship.

Mr. Espy said. Mr. Espy said they discussed export enhancement programme. would be continuing — in fact, even increasing — the rela-

meeting with the Egyptian leader as "a reunion between two old friends," said he had the opportunity to spend "a good deal of with President Mubarak when he accompanied President Clinton to Cairo about a year and a half ago.

Mr. Brown said he indicated to Mr. Mubarak that the U.S. "is eager to enhance trade and to try to help him increase American business investment in Egypt.'

"We have a good and cordial

In response to questions, Mr. Brown said they also discussed opening the American market to the Egyptian products. "I promised him I would take a look at specific markets he mentioned," Mr. Brown added, noting again,

"it was a very cordial meeting." Later in the day, the Egyptian leader met with International Monetary Fund Managing Director Michel Camdessus.

after his meetinig that he congratulated President Mubarak for Egypt's "extraordinary achievements" in economic reforms. He said he saw "only very positive changes" following his visit to Cairo two years ago.

"For me, it was a great pleasure to tell the president that I am delighted ot see that the programme has delivered more than expected, but of course, the programme remains immense, the challenges for the countries (of

Egypt is a very important

agricultural trade issues and the "I assured the president we tionship between our two nations," Mr. Espy said. Mr. Brown, characterising his

and close relationship, and I look forward, on behalf of the Clinton administration, to work closely with the president and his administration and the private sector in Egypt," Mr. Brown said.

Mr. Camdessus told reporters

more investment, and this has to come from the private sector, basically," he said. "And we agree in saying that the priorities now are indeed for maintaining a

all that has been started, to create

more growth in the country and

Egyptian President Hosni Muharak (left) Monday meets with U.S.

reminded reporters. "I think it is

important to note that President

Mubarak himself said that Egypt

did not pass specific information

regarding any planned acts of terrorism to the United States.

eration with the Egyptians on

counterterrorism issues," Mr.

Boucher said. "We look forward

to continuing that cooperation."

He said a group made up of personnel from the U.S. embassy

in Cairo and personnel from the

Federal Bureau of Investigation

(FBI) in the United States had

met with Egyptian officials in

Egypt at various times during the

past several months, including a

meeting between Feb. 6 and 11.

Aid 'assured'

THE U.S. intends to maintain its

foreign aid levels to Egypt, Sen-

ate leaders assured Mr. Mubarak

Sen. Patrick Leahy, chairman

of the defence appropriations sub-committee, told Mr. Mubar-

ak that he would work to influ-

ence the White House's foreign

assistance package, including the

'We have had very strong com-

\$2 billion in annual aid to Egypt.

mitments to Egypt, and we have

reiterated those commitments to

Egypt, and I don't think anyone

wants to do anything to disrupt

that economy," Mr. Leahy told reporters after his 90-minute

Senate Republican leader

Robert Dole, who met later with

Mubarak, said he told Mr.

Mubarak that "we ought to con-

tinue Egypt's aid at its present

ak had indicated that U.S. aid

"hasn't increased, but inflation

Dole reported that Mr. Mubar-

meeting with Mr. Mubarak.

"We do have continuing coop-

Commerce Secretary Ron Brown (AFP photo)

good, stable, macroeconomic framework, while allowing the enterprises for investment, for creating more jobs opportuni-

Mr. Camdessus said the IMF and Egypt are discussing new programmes for the next three years. "I am quite optimistic about having an agreement in place... within the next three months," he said.

"If needed, we will be there for that," he said in response to a question about further assistance. And we will continue supporting the efforts of Egypt in all the fields, especially in its negotiations with the rest of the international community."
Following his White House

meeting and working luncheon Tuesday with President Clinton, President Mubarak was to confer with Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen and Defence Secretary Les Aspin.

Mr. Boucher told questioners there was continuing cooperation between Egypt and the United States on counterterrorism issues, but Egypt has not passed on any specific information concerning lanned acts of terrorism in the United States. His comments were prompted

y news reports that claimed Mr. Subarak suggested the World Trade Centre explosion could lhave been prevented if the United States had followed up on information provided by Egypt.

"As you know, there are resthe region) are big.

"We coincided in saying that now we have to take advantage of trade Centre," the spokesman

Mahdi released after one-day questioning

CAIRO (Agencies) — Sudan's former Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi was released after authorities detained him for a day for alleged involvement in antigovernment activities.

The official Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said security forces freed Al-Mahdi after interrogating him on his "political activities hostile to the Sudanese govern-

The former premier's arrest was reported by his supporters in London. The Umma Party, which he leads, said in a statement that soldiers arrested Al Mahdi, his aides and some of his guests at his home in Omdurman.

It said the soldiers took the group to security headquarters in Khartoum for interrogation. They later released the aides, the Umma statement said. The only guest it identified was Abdul Rassoul Al Nour, the former gov-

ernor of Kordofan. The party said Mr. Mahdi was arrested for his vocal criticism of the practices of Omar Hassan Al Bashir's Islamic fundamentalist policies, referring to articles and speeches he has made recently.

Lieutenant-General Bashir's military junta toppled Mr. Mahdi's democratically-elected government on June 30, 1990 and banned political parties and other civilian organisations.

Mr. Mahdi's Umma Party is forming a front with other Sudanese political organisations in exile to oppose Gen. Bashir's government

Mr. Mahdi, born in 1935, is the Oxford-educated grandson of the man who led a messianic Islamic revolt against Egyptian-British rule of Sudan in the 19th century. He was prime minister from 1966-67 and from 1985-89.

The Ashraq Al Awsat news-paper published in London said Mr. Mahdi's attacks in newspaper articles and a sermon at prayers marking the end of the fasting month of Ramadan two weeks ago angered the government, which is dominated by Islamic fundamentalists led by Mr. Mahdi's brother-in-law Hassan



Sadeq Al Mahdi

Al Hayat said Gen. Bashir accused Mr. Mahdi in a speech last Friday of having made concessions to rebels in southern Sudan and slowing up introduc-tion of Islamic law in the country.

Sudan backs Libyan plan

Sudan Tuesday praised Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi's plan to impose stricter Islamic rules in his country.

The Transitional National Assembly or parliament issued a statement describing Colonel Oadhafi's decision as "a positive

step towards unity."
Col. Qadhafi, who has implemented a watered down version of Islamic law in Libya, last week unveiled a plan to impose stricter rules like amputating

thieves' hands and flogging

adulterers on television. Gen. Bashir reintroduced Islamic law a few months after he

came to power in June 1989. The two neighbouring countries have signed an "integration agreement" providing for close coordination to lead eventually to unity.

Gen.-Bashir met with Col. Qadhafi in Libya a week ago to discuss pushing the unity plan

Former policeman suspected of spying for Israel, ADL

SAN FRANCISCO (AP) - Tom Gerard was a San Francisco police officer, and by most accounts a good one.

But investigators now believe he went beyond the call of duty: lock have ties to the organisation, "spy" who gleaned police and motor vehicle files for possible sale to foreign governments, in-

cluding Israel and South Africa. The investigation of Mr. Gerard has led authorities to several other cities in the West.

Mr. Gerard, a 25-year police department veteran, can't be questioned. He moved to the Philippines after he retired last November, and the United States has no extradition treaty with that country.

The investigation is focused on a suspected lead of San Francisco police computer files, but information in 12,000 files seized from Mr. Gerard and local art dealer Roy Bullock led to possible computer breaches of police departments in Portland, Los Angeles and other cities, said San Francisco District Attorney Arlo Smith.

The seized files contain personal information on people with a range of political and ethnic affiliations, including Arab-Americans, Irish-Americans, neo-Nazis, skinheads, and blacks supporting Nelson Mandela, Mr. Smith said.

Investigators think Mr. Bullock, 58, sent the information overseas, said Assistant District

Attorney John Dwyer. Mr. Dwyer wouldn't confirm published reports suggesting in-formation was sold to Israel and

South Africa, but did say investi-

gators: are... checking an alleged link between the files and the Anti-Defamation League , _i, (ADL).

Mr. Gerard, 50, and Mr. Bulinvestigators said.

The ADL trades information with police. But there's a limit on what the police are allowed to trade, and there's a limit on what the ADL is allowed to ask, and both have crossed that limit. Mr. Dover said.

Investigators believe Mr. Gerard accessed state Department of Motor Vehicle information and criminal records and shared the data with Mr. Bullock, who Mr. Smith was employed by the ADL.

Mr. Gerard couldn't be located for comment. Mr. Bullock has insisted he has done nothing

The activity of Mr. Bullock and Mr. Gerard, and their ties to the ADL, is probably duplicated by others with ties to police departments in other cities, Mr. Dwyer said. But he said he isn't aware of

similar investigations. The sale of information to fore ign governemnts would violate federal laws, but the U.S. attorney's office wouldn't say if it was investigating.
The ADL, which has cooper-

ated with the investigation, denies being involved in purchasing information from police departments or its sale to foreign governments. "I should add, we never authorised anyone to do so on our behalf," said Barbara Wahl, an ADL attorney, who wouldn't confirm whether Mr. Bullock worked for the organisation.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Yemeni vice-president visits Muscat

SANAA (R) — Yemen's Vice-President Ali Salem Al Baidh left for Oman Tuesday, becoming the most senior Yemeni official to visit the neighbouring Gulf state since they settled a 25-year-old border dispute six months ago. Diplomats said the visit would result in signing agreements to cooperate in developing the border area including the construction of a road link. Yemen's Reconstruction Minister Abdullah Hussein Al Khurshumi has been in Muscat since Saturday to finalise the accords. Ties between the two states improved considerably after they signed last October's border agreement. A delegation from Oman's Chamber of Commerce and Industry visited Yemen in January and signed an agreement to establish a maritime line and build a \$12 million hotel. in Taiz province and several joint private-sector industrial projects. Omani oil firm Sa'ad Al Qawi was granted a concession to explore oil in the Mukalla-Sayhut region shortly after the border demarca tion agreement was signed.

Spokesman denies Assad ailing

DAMASCUS (AP) - Syria Monday strongly denied reports that President Hafez Al Assad was in poor health. "Such fabricated and false reports, which have no foundation whatsoever, are not worthcomment," presidential spokesman Jubran Kourieh said. Reports that Mr. Assad, 63, is ailing have been circulating since Christmas The latest was published this week by Britain's Sunday Telegraph, which said Syria was heading towards a succession struggle because of the president's poor health. The report, Mr. Kourieh said, with "part of a renewed hostile campaign against Syria and its role in achieving a just, lasting and comprehensive peace" in the Middle East. "The president's health is good," the spokesman stressed, and listed a number of public functions in which Mr. Assad was involved to prove the inaccuracy. Last week, Mr. Assad was in Cairo, where he met with President Hosni Mubarak. On Thursday, he received the Vatican's foreign minister, Jean-Louis Tawrin,

First shipload of pilgrims arrived in Saudi Arabia

JEDDAH (AP) - The first shipload of Muslim pilgrims docked at JEDDAM (Ar) — The first simplicate of retaskin prigrims docked ar Jeddah port Monday, inaugurating the annual season of Haj. The Saudi Press Agency said the pilgrims were Indians, who had sailed from Bombay. It did not give their number. Some two militans Muslim converge on the kingdom each year for pilgrimage to Mecca and Medina. This year's rituals climax at the end of May.

Egypt militants pinpoint ministers' houses

ISMAILILA, Egypt (R) - Egyptian police arrested four Muslim militants Monday for handing out leaflets urging people to attack the holiday homes of cabinet ministers along the Suez Canal, state prosecutor Ahmad Al Shihawi said. Mr. Shihawi said in a statement the four, students from the village of Fayed about 35 kilometres south of Ismailia, were arrested distributing about 2,000 leaflefts among villagers urging them to attack the houses of Prime Minister Atef Sedki and other ministers. It was the first time the Suez Canal zone has figured in militant activity since a surge el violence which has killed about 120 people began in March last year, Mr. Shihawi said the four, students at Ismailia's Suez Canal-University, were detained for 15 days pending investigation. Information Minister Safwat Al Sherif, Planning Minister Kamal Ganzouri, Housing Minister Hassabalah Kafrawi, Cabinet Affairs Minister Atef Obeid, and Electricity Minister Maher Abaza are among top officials with holiday homes on a stretch of the canal near Fayed known as "Ministers' Cove. Police launched a bloody series of raids last month to crush the militants who are fighting to set up a purist Islamic state. Militants have fought back with a wave of bomb attacks.

Mubarak to meet Mitterrand, Balladur on Thursday

PARIS (R) - Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak will meet French President François Mitterrand and Prime Minister Edouard Balladur during a two-day visit to Paris this week, the offices of the president and premier said Monday. Mr. Mubarak, who began a visit to the United States Monday, will met Mr. Balladur Thursday morning and then lunch with Mr. Mitterrand. Mr. Mubarak will be in Paris Wednesday and Thursday on his way back to Cairo from

Britain to help Kurds fight cereal pest

LONDON (R) — The British government said Monday it wo offering financial and technical assistance to help Iraqi Kurds figure a cereal crop bug called the sunne pest. The Overseas Develop ment Administration (ODA) said its £1.3 million (\$2 million) contribution would provide a package of measures to help the Kurds maximise their food production, including protecting cereals against the sunne bug. If the bug is left untreated much of the harvest would be destroyed causing a serious shortage of food, the ODA said. Also included are animal vaccination, fertilisers and seed for the spring vegetable planting season, the ODA said, adding that the project would be managed by a British charity, the Save the Children Fund, which already operates in northern Iraq.

Mahathir leaves Iran after trade deals

NTCOSIA (R) - Malaysian Prime Minister Datuk Seri Mahathir Mohamad left Tehran Tuesday after negotiating deals to boost trade with Iran to \$200 million annually, Tehran Radio said. Mr. Mahathir flew to Qeshm Island, a free trade zone in the Hormuz Strait which Iran is building up as a centre for foreign investment. at the end of a four-day official visit, the Iranian news agency (IRNA) said in a separate report. He told reporters that Malaysia would buy steel, copper, gold, marble and decorative stones from Iran, the radio said. Malaysian firms had agreed to buy a liquid gas plant in Iran and cooperate in hotel building and other tourist industry projects, he said. "Under eight agreements signed in Tehran, trade exchanges are expected to top \$200 million," the radio quoted Mr. Mahathir as saying IRNA quoted him as saying the agreements also covered oil, telecommunications, mining and health care but gave no details. Vice-President Hassan Habibi, seeing off Mr. Mahathir, said Iran proposed the formation of an Islamic international tourist agency to the Malaysians, the radio said. Mr. Mahathir, the most senior Malaysian official to visit Iran since Iran's 1979 Islamic revolution, held talks with supreme leader Ayatoliah Ali Khamenei and President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani during his stay.

Turkey under fire over human rights

WASHINGTON (AP) - Human rights activists who charged that abuses in Turkey are worsening were accused Monday by a Turkish government spokesman and others of minimising great progress and applying Western standards smugly.

"The human rights situation in Turkey is truly appalling," said Helsinki Watch, urging a cutoff of American aid.

Despite reforms announced by Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel's 14-month-old government, "there has been a marked decline in the human rights situation," Amnesty International asserted. "Turkey has compressed into

mere decades a democratisation

process that, in the West, span-

ned at least two centuries." countered Turkish embassy First Secretary Namik Tan in an unusual debate on Capitol Hill. The audience, including representatives of Turkish-Americans and Turkey's Kurdish minority,

were invited to join the confrontation in a congressional hearing room. The session was collect his the U.S. Helsinki Co-

vate group that monitors human

was Turkey's turn.

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"It is the height of conceit to judge other nations by standards we (U.S.) were able to achieve only in the post-World War II era," said Heath Lowry, a professor at Georgetown University. Dr. Lowry, who said he does not represent the Turkish govern-

Turkey and all other countries must fulfill the obligations of international humanitarian treaties they have subscribed to, said Mary Sue Hafner, the commission's general counsel. "The problem appears to be one of political will," she added.

Maryan Elahi, an attorney for Amnesty International, said Turkish political killings rose from 50 in 1991 to more than 300 in 1992, with little or no effort to prosecute those responsible. Promised reforms included no safeguards for political prisoners, and a new law appears to be "an empty gesture mainly intended to serve public relations purposes" at home and abroad, she said.

Harun Kazaz, chief of the assembly of Turkish American associations, told Ms. Elahi, "We and your organisation extremely anti-Turkish ... Amnesty's stand certainly does not make it easy rights in all 53 countries of the for anybody to sit down and try to conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe. Monday

work out issues.' "We are not anti-Turkish or

.anti-any government," Ms. Elahi said, adding that amnesty would welcome investigation of all its allegations.

Mr. Tan restated the official Turkish position against negotiations with KPP, the separatist rebel Kurdish Labour Party (PKK). He pressed President Naimaldin O. Karim of the Kurdish National Congress of North America to concede that the PKK is a terrorist organisation with a Marxist-Leninist agenda.

Mr. Karim replied that "the Kurdish people of Turkey do not want anything to do with vio-

"We want Turkey to progress to prosperity for all its people,"

Turkey is wrongfully accused of torture in some cases, Mr. Lowry said, because the Turkish word "iskence" means not only torture but also police brutality. which exists in many countries.

Demirel's appeal

Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel Monday urged Kurdish rebels to end a. nine-year independence struggle and surrender to Turkish authorities, state television reported.

"They (the rebels) must realise that 8,000 to 10,000 men hiding in the mountains armed with a few automatic weapons will get nowhere," Mr. Demirel told reporters after meeting Iraqi Kurdish leader Ialal Talabani in Ankara "We urge them to turn themselves over to the refuge of Turkey's justice system," Mr. Demirel said

Abdullah Ocalan, leader of the PKK, ordered a March 20-April 15 ceasefire which has brought a fall in violence in Turkey's predominently Kurdish southeast.

The ceasefire offer was relayed to Turkey by Mr. Talabani, who told reporters he planned to go to Damascus to see Mr. Ocalan again but gave no date.

The PKK's independence fight in southeast Turkey has killed more than 5,500 people since 1984. Turkey has welcomed the ceasefire but says it will not negotiate with the PKK. Mr. Demirel and Mr. Talabani

leader of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, reviewed the situation in northern Iraq and discussed the security of Turkey's border

Mr. Demirel said Turkey would do its utmost to relieve the plight of three million Iraqi Kurds suffering under an Iraqi economic embargo. Turkish forces and Iraqi Kur-

dish guerrillas joined forces last November to flush out PKK rebels from mountain hideouts in

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alla International Airport Tel. (Rf\$3200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Rovai Jordanian (RJ) Flights

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Queen meets with officials attending population meeting

Queen Noor Tuesday received at Nadwa Palace Executive Director of the United Nations Fund for Population Activities (UNFPA) Nafis Sadiq and reviewed with her projects and programmes funded by the UNFPA in Jordan and the region.

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Her Majesty also discussed with Dτ. Sadiq the Regional Population Conference which is

currently being held in Amman.
Attending Dr. Sadiq's audience with the Queen were Chief of the Division for Arab States and Europe at UNFPA Ali Ugur Tunger, UNDP representative in Jordan, Osman Hashim, UN-FPA's senior programme officer in Jordan Dirwas Alkhas.

Later, Queen Noor received Werner Fornos, president of the Population Institute in Washing-ton D.C. Douglas Keare, chief of

the Population and Human Re-sources Division for the Middle East and North Africa Region at the World Bank.

Both sides discussed with Her Majesty possibilities of cooperation with Jordan and available assistance opportunities to help the Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) extend its development projects in Jordan and its expertise to countries in the region.

Both audiences were attended by the NHF president, the NHF director general and the NHF communication and development

Earlier Tuesday, Dr. Sadiq and the accompanying delegation visited Noor Al Hussein Foundation and were briefed by its president, director general and other senior staff of its integrated and comprehensive approach to development and on the positive

Women in Development Project which NHF launched in 1987 to help low-income, middle-aged women participate more actively in Jordan's economic growth and national development.

The United Nations official also examined selected items produced by Jordanian women benefiting from the Women in Development Project.

Products include garments. light shoes and slippers, medicinal herbs, condiments, and honey.

Dr. Sadiq and the accompanying delegation then toured the NHF Design and Trade Centre, an offshoot of NHF's National Handicrafts Development Project which is extending technical. training and marketing assistance to over 2,000 Jordanian crafts men and women across Jordan.



Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Tuesday visits Control and Inspection Bureau

Sharif Zeid visits control and inspection bureau

Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Tuesday visited the Control and enspection Bureau (CIB) which monitors the performance and follows up the programmes of -various government departments.

· Addressing a meeting attended by Bureau Director Mohammad Thuneibat and other officials, the prime minister called on the CIB to investigate various details perorder to ensure the soundness of the information related to or given about government depart-

· He also urged Dr. Thuneibat to speed up procedures for the ac- partments.

store information about govern-

Sharif Zeid asked that the bureau recruit qualified officials, adding that courses should also be conducted to provide on-thejob training for veteran em-

The prime minister was assured that procedures were being conducted along the lines of his own

Dr. Thuneibat also briefed the prime minister on a working plan and research work underway, as well as a guidebook for various ministries and government deorganising its works through four different sectors: finance and economy; education; transport and services; and agricultural health and development.

At the moment, the bureau is developing an integrated data base in order to compile detailed information about each ministry and government office to assist decision-makers and facilitate the ments, said Dr. Thuneibat.

In November 1992, the prime minister announced a wideranging administrative reform

Group alleges Western subversion in Third World population policies

AMMAN — Standing on the sidelines at the Arab Population Conference in Amman is a small. yet steadfast, minority opposed to the population control policies being discussed.

While some of the views of these participants are shaped by theological beliefs, others in attendance warn of Western con-

Alleging subversion by the West, Elizabeth Sobo of the Washington D.C.-based Information Project for Africa (IPFA) charges that population growth in the Third World combined with a decline in the West has military and political leaders concerned.

According to documents distributed by IPFA, the North believes that if current trends continue, political and economic power will eventually shift to the South resulting in the decline of

today's industrial giants.

The basis for this purported activity is to keep the population of less developed countries (LDCs) within a certain range in order to assure Western access to the "strategic and critical minerals and resources" present in the Third World, according to Ms.

IPFA links Western concern of reversing the decline of their own population in order to perpetuate economic and military superiority to the programmes aimed at re-

ducing the population of potential Third World powers. In a sharp attack against Abdel Rahim Omran, one of the partici-

pants at the conference, the IPFA claimed that he worked as an agent for Western interests in-Nigeria to offset their population

growth. In an IPFA document entitled "The Nigeria Deception," Dr. Omran is said to have played a major role in establishing a misinformation campaign in Nigeria

where he worked as a consultant to the Ministry of Health. Manipulation of Islamic texts in a booklet entitled "A Resource

Manual on Islam & Family Plan-

used to encourage a "Westerninspired population policy," accused Ms. Sobo.

Dr. Omran, a professor of population and health at the University of Marvland in the U.S., told the Jordan Times that these claims were "baseless."

He described non-religious efforts to counter Westernassisted fertility programmes as resulting from suspicion of anything the North does with the

"If it (population control programmes) is a good thing, why is the West trying to give it to us?" is a question asked by these conspiracy theorists, according to the gyptian professor.

Dr. Omran asserted that exponential population growth has and will continue to adversely affect the well-being of a country and its citizens.

Referring to IPFA charges that he twisted Islam in order to demonstrate its support of reducing fertility rates, Dr. Omran stated that "verses from the Holy Koran can not be falsified as anyone can go and read it."

These are excerpts from the Koran that show support for maintaining a balanced population, and those leaders who are opposed to such activity as being anti-Islamic include those who believe that if God creates he will also feed, he said.

Ms. Sobo, a U.S. citizen, described the balance between the number of people in a particular country and its production and consumption abilities as naturally

balancing. If the population grows, the country will develop means to support them, she said.

In addition, she described the programmes as "expensive, com-plicated and with an uncertain outcome.

Regarding large families, Ms. Sobo said that "there is no such thing as a limit on children...

ning With Special Reference to future... I myself have eight chil-the Maliki School" was the means dren."

According to Werner Fornos, president of the Population Institute in Washington DC "one must balance the population according to resources.

Statistics demonstrate that countries experience an increase in the standard of living when their population growth stabilizes, according to Mr. Fornos.

"China had a 12% growth in GNP last year, and Taiwan, Mexico, South Korea, Hong Kong and Singapore" are among the many whose standard of living has increased as a result of resources freed with the success of a growth control programme, he

Regarding allegations of con-spiracies to handicap the develop-ment of the Third World through reduced fertility rates, Mr. Fornos said "hogwash."

It is clear whether from West-

ern sources or from women in LDCs that their health, education, and ability to work is directly linked to the number of children they have, he said.

Although the debate will not end at the conclusion of this conference, it is clear that its presence is offering the public a chance to look at the array of choices available in proposed population policies facing it.

Report on Arab women's status receives labour ministers' support

AMMAN (Petra) — Arab labour ministers who Tuesday addressed the second day of their conference supported a report submitted by the Arab Labour Organisation (ALO) director on women in the Arab World.

"We have studied with deep interest the ALO director's report concerning the status of women, their contributions to socio-economic development and research related to this subject, and we fully support measures that can enable Arab women to participate effectively in all de-velopment efforts," said Egypt's Minister of Manpower and Train-

ing Asem Abdul Haq.
The ALO is clearly oriented towards deepening the concept of working women in the Arab World and this labour conference ought to emphasise this issue, the Egyptian minister said.

Expressing his country's sup-port for the promotion of

women's roles, Sudan's Minister of Labour Dominic Casiano said Sudan was backing the ALO's endeavours to highlight the role of women, who, he said constitute an essential element in development.

What is needed now, he added, is to help women engage effectively in socio-political life.

The Sudanese minister urged the Arab World and the U.N. Security Council to lift the sanctions imposed on Libya and Iraq and voiced his country's solidarity with the people of Bosnia Herze-

Qatari Minister of Labour Abdul Rahman Ben Saad Al Dirhem said in an address, that while the Arab World is approaching the 21st century, it continues to grapple with numerous problems in social and econo-

Developing human resources - male and female - continues

Oatar in the struggle to attain sustainable development, the minister şaid. Bahrain's Minister of Labour

and Social Development Khalifa Ben Salman Al Khalifa outlined his country's endeavours to develop human resources with particular attention to women.

A general population census conducted in Bahrain in 1991 showed that females constituted 49 per cent of the population and recent statistics proved that 26 per cent of the total workforce in Bahrain is female, Sheikh Khalifa explained.

He said his country supported the ALO director's report about future programmes designed to promote the role of women. Jordan's delegate Khaled Shreim, who is also secretary general of the Federation of Jordanian Labour Unions, backed the ALO report, but stressed

tackling the problem of unemployment in the Arab World.

Mr. Shreim said that at present nine million Arab workers are unemployed, adding that the situation calls for Arab labour agreements and ALO program-

Meanwhile, Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker Tuesday received separately in his office the ministers of labour of the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Oatar and Bahrain who are attending the Arab Labour ministers conference in Amman.

Sheikh Seif Jarwan, the UAE minister, conveyed to the prime minister greetings from Skeikh Maktoum Ben Rashed Al Maktoum, the UAE vice president and the prime minister of the

He said his country was eager to bolster ties with Jordan. The prime minister welcomed

Sheikh Jarwan and asked him t convey his own greetings to th UAE leaders.

Abdul Rahman Ben Saad 🖹 Dirhem, the Qatari minister, top Sharif Zeid that his countr appreciated his Majesty Kir Hussein's national stands an Jordan's serious endeavours ! unify Arab ranks and bolste

inter-Arab relations in ever fields in light of the current cha lenges facing the Arab Nation Sharif Zeid said Jordan wis aiming to reconcile Arab rank

for higher national interests. Sheikh Khalifa Ben Salman A Khalifa, the Bahraini ministe, voiced his country's appreciation of Jordan's efforts in rebuildir. Arab soldidarity. Sharif Zeid expressed hor

that the meeting of the Ara-labour ministers in Amman w

Seminar focuses on women in industries

AMMAN (Petra) — The employment of women in the industries of the Arab World is the title of a three-day seminar which was opened in Amman Tuesday at the opening session. under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath.

Organisers said the discussions will cover the role of women in these industries, political implications of women's engagements in industry, resultant occupational and family problems, the role of women in electronic industries, and vocational training for Arab

Arab women have been mostly restricted to working in education modern age and modern industry required women's engagement in other advanced fields as well, said the Princess in a message read on her behalf by Princess Wijdan Ali Developing manpower that in-

cludes men as well as women, is essential if the Arab World is to embark on modern industry and reduce its dependence on major industrialised nations, the Prin-

The meeting is organised by the Federation of Arab Scientific Research Councils, the General Federation of Arab Women, the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia and the Higher Council for Science and Technology in Jordan.

Dr. Dumper said the fourth

phase began in 1987, when Ariel Sharon, then the Israeli housing

minister, seized property in the

Muslim quarter, thus giving overt

government support to the settler

da, the rate of Israeli acquisition

in the old city decreased, Dr.

Dumper said.

he added.

With the advent of the Intifa-

The settlers still own the areas

they confiscated, but the majority

of the settlers do not live in them.

They are "feeling under siege."

In addition, the high cost of protection and the lack of jobs in

the old city has made it expensive

for settlers to live there, Dr.

Dr. Dumper stated that the Soci-

ety for the Renewal of Jewish

Settlement Throughout the Old

City (Atara l'yoshna) received

significant funds from the Israeli

Ministry of Housing, the Ministry of Religious Affairs and from

The Israeli long-term develop-ment pattern in East Jerusalem,

according to Dr. Dumper, is to

to isolate it from the surround-

developments to the plans of the

'build a belt" around the city and

But, he mentioned two adverse

First, he said the Jewish

population is not increasing at a

high rate. The increase in the number of Israeli Jews in East

Jerusalem is due to "a population

shift and not to population

Dumper stated, is the "projec-

tion" of a population shift to the

west after the establishment of

the future commercial centre

Dr. Dumper also spoke of a

plan by the Israeli authorities to

establish a central business dis-

trict in one of the main streets of

East Jerusalem, Salah El Din

includes five phases as follows:

Phase one: Feasibility study.

Phase three: Procurement...

Phase four: Tendering, etc.

Phase five: Site supervision.

The second development, Dr.

growth," he explained.

west of Jerusalem.

During the Likud government,

Dr. Dumper maintained.

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ing Arabs.

Israel seeks West's recognition of Jerusalem as capital by year 2000

By Sausan Ghosheh Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — "Israel is pushing to have Jerusalem recognised by the West as its capital either by 1998 or 2000, marking the 50th anniversary of the creation of the anniversary of the birth of Christ respectively," said Michael Dumper, honorary research fellow at the University of Exeter, in Britain, to an audience at the Jerusalem Forum recently.

Dr. Dumper, who obtained his doctorate in "Muslim institutions and the Israeli state," has focused his study primarily on Israeli set-tlement in the old city of Jeru-

Since 1967, he said, "Israeli settlement policy in Jerusalem has been directed towards a single overriding goal: The consolidation of Israeli control over Palestinian East Jerusalem in order to prevent any future division of the

city."
Politically, Dr. Dumper said, this involved Israel declaring a united Jerusalem as its "eternal" capital.

Demographically, that meant the settlements of Israelis in the Palestinian part of the city, he maintained Israeli settlements in the old

city have taken place in four different phases, Dr. Dumper ex-

He said the first phase began immediately after the occupation of the city, which involved the demolition of an entire quarter in the old city, the Maghreb quar-"During the second phase,

from 1968 to the late seventies, the Israeli government expanded the Jewish quarter by expropriat-ing Palestinian and Islamic properties between the Armenian and Maghreb quarters, evicting the Palestinian tenants and replacing them with Israelis," he stated.

The third phase, Dr. Dumper added, began in the early eighties when militant Israeli settlers aimed to establish an Israeli presence in the heart of the Muslim quarter, near Al Aqsa Mosque. and succeeded.

Activists disapprove biased human rights implementation By Sa'eda Kilani "We are not inferior and w shaping a better future for us," he Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Experts on human rights voiced their dissatisfaction Tuesday over biased implementation of human rights standards as stipulated by international laws and agreements, and discussed ways to counter these actions.

In the morning session of the second day Roundtable on Human Rights held at the InterContinental Hotel, lecturers stressed the importance of moving from rhetoric to action and ways of combatting selectivity and readymade models imposed on poor countries, which are inconsistent with their norms, traditions, culture and religion.

"We need objectivity to remedy injustice," said Ben Turok, director of the Institute of African Alternatives.

But, "we have to identify those who gain at the expense of others since we cannot pursue the goal of objectivity without cost," Dr. Turok emphasised.

In presenting an overall view of the situation in South Africa, Dr. Turok revealed the extent of partiality and double standards that led to the current state of deterioration and human rights violations in the country.

"Lives of people are at stake,

said, pointing out that if the choice was left to the people themselves, they would not opt for the same model that is imposed on them.

The pursuit of objectivity, according to Dr. Turok, is crucial since models imposed are clearly based upon economic standards and not on humanitarian ones. The outlet to this situation will

be, to many countries, the introduction of changes at all levels: which, Dr. Turok believes, includes self-critiquing ideas at the economic, social and cultural levels and examining the practices of institutions at an international level.

Both these routes go hand in hand with an advancement of the mechanisms of non-governmental organisations to establish and promote objectivity, Dr. Turok Rosemarie Kuptana, president

of Inuit Tapirisat of Canada, who also voiced her disapproval over the double standards used in the implementation of human rights, raised the question of minorities and the right to selfdetermination.

"We reject being labelled as minorities or vulnerable people,"

are not primitive, and we will no accept that other people decic for us, especially when it comfrom those who colonise us." Other lecturers, however, crit

cised some countries' delaye ratification of international lav and treaties on human rights. A Jordanian lecturer, Awan / thasawneh, an expert to U.? Sub-commission on Huma Rights, said the democratic n ture of international law is at the

tion in implementing huma rights codes. "The fact that the countrie have the choice to accept it (rat fication of international laws) (not is a hindrance to its applic

tion," Mr. Al Khasawneh said

core of the countries' procrastin.

Recommendations of th three-day round-table, which expected to end today, wou focus mainly on the universali of human rights and the vit importance of universal respefor existing standards and norm as well as the promotion of positive approach to huma rights which reflects the hum nitarian values of the world diverse faith and cultures ar their contribution to the prote tion of human worth and dignit

Ministry looks back at services as world celebrates health day

AMMAN (J.T.) — On the eve of World Health Day, observed annually on April 7, Minister of Health Aref Bataineh said in a message that the ministry's departments and hospitals shoulder the major responsibility of providing health services, and at the same time conduct public awareness programmes on health care

The ministry, Tuesday issued a statistical report that contrasted Jordan's health services in 1950 to those provided today.

In 1950, Jordan had only 10 hospitals with a total of 623 beds; to day the Kingdom boasts 63 hospitals with, 6,398 beds, and advanced medical treatment in every field, said the report. Jordan's infant mortality rate

in 1950 stood at 216 for every 1,000 children born by the end of 1992, infant mortality had decreased to less than 35 per 1,000 children born, according to the report.

The intensive efforts of health-

care workers have brought communicable diseases that plagued Jordan in the 1950s under con-Jordan could be one of the few

countries to have completely eradicated malaria: the country has been free from this dangerous fever for more than 25 years the report noted. Child immunisation program-

mes cover nearly 98 per cent of Jordan's children, potable water

ANNOUNCEMENT-

The Municipality of Greater Amman is seeking consultan-

cy services for the design of composing plants. The study

For further information, interested firms specialised in

such projects are invited to contact the Health and

Environment Undersecretary Assistant at the Municipality

Phase two: Investigation and detailed design.

is reaching 98 per cent of the population and sewerage systems cover 60 per cent of the urban areas of the kingdom, the report

the total population of Jordan covered by some kind of healtinsurance, in addition to soci:

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Exhibition of paintings by artist Mohammad Nasrallah at Al Balqa Gailery, Fuheis City.

* Art exhibition by Nawwaf Al Bukhari at the Phoenix Art

☆ Art exhibition entitled "The Legend of Petra II" by artist Suha Shoman at the National Gallery for Fine Arts. ★ Exhibition of national heritage and traditional handicrafts at

Mutah University. ★ Exhibition entitled "Re-creation" by Jordanian, French and Iraqi artists, inspired by a sculpture by Iraqi artist Mohammad

LECTURE

Hussein Abdullah, at the French Cultural Centre.

☆Lecture, in Arabic, on "The Social Changes and Delinquency Problems in the Jordanian Society" by Dr. Sabri Rubeihat at __ the Scientific and Cultural Centre of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation at 6 p.m.

☆ Film entitled "The Adventure of Baron Munchausen" at the British Council at 7 p.m.

AMERICAN WEEK
AT THE MARRIOTT

The American Embassy in Amman and the Amman Marriott Hotel, in cooperation with Royal Jordanian, are organizing an American Week in June. Agents of American goods in Amman are invited to participate in this event.

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By Dr. Abdalla Malki

Jordan Times

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Talks and bitter acts

THE ISRAELI prime minister, Yitzhak Rabin, can close the West Bank for ever, but the Palestinian people will not disappear and their continued resistance to Israel's brutal occupation will only escalate. By the same token, the intifada will not end with statements like those made by U.S. State Department spokesmen almost every day. While it is true that "only a political settlement will help solve the problems that underlie the violence in the Middle East," as Richard Boucher put it a couple of days ago, it is also true that the Palestinians under Israeli occupation cannot accept this logic without any question. It is extremely difficult for them to wait for "a political settlement" that would end their plight while their occupiers literally get away with murder in conducting the affairs of occupation. As far back as Palestinians can remember, and as far ahead as they can foretell, they see the prospect of a settlement as too dim, too farfetched. For the Palestinians no political settlement short of a complete end of occupation can end their grievances. While the Palestinians see their leadership making one concession after the other to Israel, they increasingly feel that Israel is not moving towards a compromise. On the contrary, Israel continues to suppress Palestinian national feelings; it continues its settlement policy on Palestinian lands; it sends its troops to each and every street and alley in the West Bank and Gaza to terrorise children and kill innocent adults. Israel's human rights record in the occupied territories is appalling. Detentions without charges, imprisonment without justice, deportations based on illegal grounds, slave labour, confiscation of land and plundering of Palestinian national resources are but a few of the measures that Israel undertakes against the Palestinian people, continually and in contravention of basic human rights, international law and the Geneva conventions.

The Americans are probably right to say that Israel "has the responsibility for providing security for its people," since each country has such an obligation to its citizens, but for an official State Department spokesman to conclude that Israel also had the responsibility to ensure "security of the territory under its control" is open to interpretation, Any misuse of terms by American officials at this stage can only be called inappropriate and can only lead to more violence. In this context, Boucher's statement the other day, which does not talk about "people" but only "territories" under Israeli control can only be offensive. Each and every Palestinian, the State Department needs to be reminded, takes great offence at the use of such language, especially in view of the fact that the U.S. chooses to occasionally reiterate its commitment to U.N. Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

Both the American and Israeli governments should recognise that Palestinian resistance, besides its legitimacy, carries only one message: end occupation. On the other hand, Israeli violence only reasserts that occupation will persist. While the U.S. urges "all the parties to act with restraint," it cannot expect the Palestinians to comply when Israel does not.

Meanwhile, Israel should adopt some of the U.S.-calledfor confidence building measures in Gaza and the West Bank. Starving Palestinians and placing them under perpetual curfews is a prescription for increased violence. As the lessons of the intifada have shown, Palestinian resistance is not lacking in resourcefulness. Harsh Israeli measures might only provide a respite, but pushing the Palestinians against the wall will only result in more bloodshed and violence. If this is the only way to push the negotiation forward, then everybody needs to learn from the bitter

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

IN HIS address to the Arab labour conference, in Amman His Majesty King Hussein summed up the concerns of the Arab World and the problems facing the Arab masses and called for a revolution that would benefit the masses rather than the leaders, said Sawt Al Shaab daily Tuesday. The paper echoed the King's criticism of the one-man rule in many Arab countries, emphasising the need for the people to be given a say in the government and for political pluralism to dominate the life of the Arab World. A new and comprehensive revolution is needed in the Arab World that would cater to the needs of the people rather than the leaders, stressed the paper. But it said any progress in the life of a nation should be guaranteed by the freedoms of the people and their participation in the government. The paper referred to the Jordanian experiment in political pluralism and said that it serves as a model to be copied by other parts of the Arab World, because the past four years, it said, have witnessed democracy in Jordan unprecedented in the other Arab countries, saw the institutions enhanced and strengthened, and political parties formed to express the view of the various sectors of the public. The paper echoed the King's call on the Arabs to transcend the negative elements of the Gulf crisis and to forge ahead towards unity of ranks, solidarity and close cooperation in every field.

IF THE Arab labour ministers chose Amman for a venue of their meeting, to demonstrate their solidarity, then this is a welcome idea because they are in need of such solidarity after the Gulf crisis, said Tareq Masarweb, a columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily. If these ministers chose Amman because of the freedom of speech and press in this country, then they have rightly done so because in this Kingdom people speak off their minds freely, unlike most of the Arab World, the writer continued. However, it is the Arab masses in the rest of the Arab World that are in need to see real and concrete results that can be implemented on the ground and an outcome that would win the approval of the Arab masses, the writer said. He said that the Arab ministers should realise that Jordan seeks to serve all Arab countries without waiting for any reward, but this Kingdom can by no means compromise its principles and national stands. Jordan, which opened its arms to welcome the evicted expatriates, does not bear a grudge against the Arab Gulf states but is ready to offer its service and assistance to all Arabs, regardless of their past attitude towards Jordan, he continued. The writer wished the Arab ministers success in their endeavour, urging them to opt for collective action to serve the national interests.

Economic Forum

Modernised taxation conception

I WAS really joyed when I read in the Economist (March 13, 1993) a commentary on taxes which corroborated a conception which I preached in Jordan during the last three years. My viewpoint is that the emphasis as in the placed of the circulation of income (and wealth) not on the generation of income, or, in other words, on consumption or spending and not on production. I ventured to conclude that taxes on consumption were fairer than those on income. Now this challenges a widespread long-standing classical conviction that direct taxes (namely, income tax) are fairer than indirect ones (consumption

Another point which I tirelessly emphasised is well known but I thought it could have become pretty tarnished after the apparent eclipse of the era of supply-side economics, that is high income taxes penalise productivity, suppress production incentives, enhance tax evasion and eventually reduce tax revenues. It was heartening to find that the Economist believes that this argument

is still as valid as ever.

On the first count, the Economist writes that "the least damaging taxes are those that are fair, simple and which interfere least with economic decision-making. This suggests two golden rules. First, that it is better to tax spending than to tax income. And, second, that the tax base should be as broad as possible in order to keep tax rates low."

On the second count, the Economist states that "the worst way to increase revenue is to lift marginal income-tax rates. High rates of tax encourage tax evasion and avoidance, and discourage hard work and the taking of risks". Of course, it is well known that this is exactly the road which Jordan chose to take under the present adjustment programme when it hiked, in 1989, the marginal income tax rate.

The first point is the more interesting one as it entails the notion that tax on spending — which is an indirect tax — is a fair tax. This has been our explicit conviction but our argumentation was different and, allegedly, more profound.

Taxes paid should depend proportionately on the capacity to pay; this is the spirit of true progressive taxation. The capacity to pay is best measured by how much a person spends, not by how much he earns in terms of income. According to classical theorisation, a person who earns an income of, say, JD 500 a month must pay an income tax, while another who earns no income whatsoever but nevertheless receives (from a relative) a monthly grant of, say, JD 1,000 will pay no income tax. Obviously, the capacity to pay of the latter is much more than that of the former. A truly fair and equitable tax system is one which ensures that each of these two persons pay tax according to his revenues and not only according to his income. In technical terms, revenues refer to income plus grants; income does not include grants.

The spending-based tax system serves the purpose here. The person who receives the grant pays more taxes because he spends more. Taxes should be levied according to how much a person earns in terms of revenues, not income. When I put this suggestion to a senior Jordanian taxman last year, he objected strongly, wondering how it could be possible for him to know how much citizens received or gave in terms of grants and other sources of revenues. I explained that he had not to; every citizen will, automatically, honestly and very accurately, announce his taxable revenue by merely spending it and when he spends it. The very formidable obstacle of identifying accurately the taxable

amount is thus surmounted. When I put this suggestion to a Jordanian senator, he made a different criticism. He inquired what would happen if people who received very high grants did not spend their revenues. My answer was that this would be even better because they would be saving them in this case. Savings help the cause of the national economy much more than spending. Additionally, their savings would be spent by other parties. spent by other parties, i.e., by the investors who borrow them directly or indirectly (through the banking system) and use them to generate other incomes which further finance taxable spending.

Clinton needs to get deportee issue right

By Clovis Maksoud

After two days of talks in Damascus recently, the Arabs taking part in the Middle East peace talks sent President Bill Clinton and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin a clear message about the importance of resolving the question of Palestinian expellees in Lebanon.

The foreign ministers of Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, and the Palestine Liberation Organisation postponed a decision on whether to accept United States Secretary of State Warren Christopher's invitation to resume peace talks on April 20. In their communique, they "expressed concern at the American role, which has not led to the achievement of progand noted that Mr. Rabin's recent visit to Washington "raised suspicions and increased Arab concerns on the future of the peace talks."

At a joint press conference at the end of Rabin's visit, Mr. Clinton noted that the two did not discuss the question of the Palestinian deportees. He said that the issue had been settled earlier when the U.S. and Israel negotiated a mechanism for the deportees' return. The president dismissed the principal reason why the Palestinians so far have refused to accept the U.S. invitation to resume a ninth round of

Mr. Clinton's dismissal of the issue in such a cavalier manner is mind-boggling. The arrangement between Mr. Christopher and Mr. Rabin was a non-starter because it did not address the core issue of Israel's "right" to deport. Deportation as a practice, let alone a right, is anathema to the Palestinians, as it is to the entire international community.

Acquiescence to deportation dooms the Palestinians to existence at the pleasure of Israeli authorities. Exercising a right to deport -- even as an "exceptional measure" - validates İsrael's claim to the occupied territories and ratifies its practice of uprooting Palestinians. What is at stake is whether or not Israel is an occupying power and whether or not Palestinians have a right to a national patrimony in the occupied territories. The Palestinian

step away from their rights, in- pliances were depicted as conces-This should not mean that a ninth round of talks will not take

invitation to the next round of The peace process initiated in Madrid was based on a phased implementation of United Nations Security Council resolutions 242 and 338. With the end of the cold war and the defanging of Iraq as a military power, the strategic dependency of the Gulf states on the U.S. coupled with Egypt's separate peace with Israel, rendered the agenda, the terms of reference, and the conduct of the peace process skewed against Palestinian national rights. The structure and modalities of the process enabled Israel to depict the promise of even the most minute compliance with any part of the U.S. as a major concession. The U.S. in turn markets such possible concessions as

place. It does mean, however,

that the Clinton administration

should carefully study the reasons

why the Palestinians declined the

U.S., the flaws in the peace process began to surface. Only the unhealed wounds in the Arab body politic and the disarray in Arab ranks enabled the process to continue with no results except a sustained U.S. blessing. Arab parties could not express their frustration, lest they be deemed

rejectionist or unrealistic.

When the Labour government replaced Likud in Israel last year, the U.S. felt that the process could be construed in a manner where pressure on the Arabs becomes justified, while placating Israel remains the instrument of dealing with it. The Clinton administration considered the process as a constant, but its flaws became intolerable to the Arabs when Israel persisted in its deportation policy.

The escalation of repressive measures and violence in Israel prompted Mr. Rabin to cut short his U.S. trip. The compromise solution, however wellintentioned and negotiated by Mr. Christopher with Israel,

Christopher wanted to hear what firmation of the U.S. commithe wanted to hear. He listened to ment to Israel's military edge the Palestinians explain the importance of resolving the deporation issue; he also listened to Lebanon describe the relevance of reintroducing U.N. Security Council Resolution 425 into the framework of the peace process in order to ensure Lebanon's sovereignty in the south. Yet by issuing the invitations it seems he listened to the Palestinian and the Lebanese, but did not hear them.

This brings to the forefront a very serious flaw that, unless rectified, can detonate an already volatile situation. The flaw appears in Mr. Christopher's statement that the "Palestinians need to recognise that their interests lay in pursuing peace talks .. at the end of the day that will be the controlling reality." In declining to receive the invitation, the Palestinians are saying that the U.S. is right about the reality but not necessarily right when it describes it as "controll-

ing."
There are two asymmetries in

deportation of Hamas sympathisers supports the moderate Arab states engaged in their own chalflenges from Islamic fundamentalists. Besides the embarrassment that such a suggestion causes the so-called "moderates," it could lead Americans to misread the overall Arab situation. Moreover, Israel's effort to marginalise the deportation issue is a means to avoid admitting that it is actually an occupying power in the occupied territories. While the present disarray among Arab states might lend

cern with Islamic fundamental-

ism. Mr. Rabin and the pro-Israel

lobby now suggest that Israel's

temporary credence to Mr. Rabin's strategy, any signal that such a strategy is a determinant of the peace process is bound to undermine it, throwing the Middle East into the turbulence that the process ostensibly seeks to avoid. Indeed, Syria will not under any circumstances favour, let alone sign, a separate peace treaty with Israel, even in exchange for the entire Golan Heights. This because of historical and geopolitical factors, as well as its proclaimed role. Moreover, the legacy of its national, ideological, and emotional bonds with the Palestinian people constitutes an insurmountable barrier.

Treating Mr. Rabin's approach to the peace process as indicative of Israel's willingness to "take risks" for peace further reinforces; the impression that Israel is mak-? ing concessions, rather then complying with U.N. resolutions and the norms of international law and the Geneva Convention, Thus, it is Israel's agenda that appears to set the course for the resumed peace process.

Herein lies the dilemma for the Arab parties, none of whom wants to be absent from the ninth round of talks, yet who find themselves excluded by the Clinton administration from the discourse. Even if the Arab parties join the ninth round, they do so in deference to U.S. power rather than in expectation of concrete

Clovis Maksoud, a professor at the American University in Washington, and director of the Centre for the Study of the Global South, was formerly the ambassador of the League of Arab States to the U.S. and the U.N. The article is reprinted from the Christian Science Moni-

accordance with Israel's agenda. an inducement for the Arab parthe peace process. One is beties to continue the peace prodelegation to the talks was deeply could not defuse the situation. To achieve this objective, the While on his listening tour of and rightly hurt as the peace tween the Arabs and Israel, reinissue of the deportees was sub-Arab capitals, it appears that Mr. process became perceived as a When Israel's minor comforced by Mr. Clinton's reafsumed within the broader con-Corruption scandals: Is something rotten in Europe?

By Victor L. Simpson The Associated Press

ROME — A banking scandal implicates top officials in Rome and helps bring down the government. "We live in an age when the people have lost confidence in those who represent them," a newspaper

In Paris, thousands of Frenchmen bilked by a crooked banker take to the streets in protest and another government crashes. The Italian scandal occurred

a century ago and the French crisis, known as the Stavisky affair, in 1933. But now, at a time of unimagined prosperity 50 years after the destruction of World War II, the rot has returned to Europe.

A year-long investigation by Italian magistrates has reached into corporate boardrooms and the highest levels of politics. It has produced nearly 1,000 arrests, implicated four cabinet ministers and a former premier, and led to seven suicides.
 "Tangentopoli," or kick-

back city, as the scandal is called, mainly involves illegal kickbacks to political parties for public works contracts.

although investigators also are digging into the mafia's role as an intermediary.
Financial scandals also have

arisen in France, Germany, Spain and elsewhere, none so vast as in Italy but with similar elements: long-entrenched parties, cronyism, influence peddling.
The end of the cold war and

communism has led Western Europeans to question the blank cheque they gave their politicians over the past five decades.

To some Europeans, the generational change at the White House may underline a need for new leaders of their own, and for at least some of the standards by which America judges politicians.

The new morality has led several stock exchanges to adopt their first insider-trading laws. Many Italian politicians have given up chauffeured cars and expensive restaurants, and a candidate for mayor of Rome even commutes by motorscooter. The Greek press has begun aggressively pursuing any whiff of scandal.

Ordinary Europeans are expressing outrage at the ballot French voters gave the right

a huge victory in first round elections at the expense of President François Mitterrand's Socialists, who have controlled parliament for 10 of the past 12 years.

In Germany, pollsters attri-bute some of the far right's gain in local elections to the identification of mainstream parties with a series of scan-

Italy's investigating judges have become heroes as they carry on their revolution Italians are expected to strike a further blow in an April 10 referendum that would loosen the grip of the long-ruling par-

"There's a weakness in the system that lends itself to this climate of scandals," Pascal Perrineau of the Centre for Study of French Political Life said before the French election, "There are no checks and balances, no commissions, no parliamentary investigations."

A Marseille police inspector who wrote about his thwarted probe of kickbacks to political parties was fired. In Italy, until the current scandal, judges who dared challenge the system either struck insurmountable obstacles or were transferred, according to reports now emerging.

Some of the scandals seen minor -- Germany's economics minister resigned over his promotion of a shopping-cart locking device made by an in-law -- but others are of wider scope.

The German defence ministry suspended work on a three billion mark (\$1.8 billion) military system after allegations that the German subcontractor entertained officials at his retreat in Brazil, also paying for their air tickets.

One of the officials, the governor of Bavaria, said in response that he had made donations to worthy causes roughly equal to the trip's cost. France has been rocked by

disclosures that the Socialist Party won the 1988 parliamentary elections by widespread violations of campaign financing laws. To stave off prosecution of members, parliament gave itself amnesty in 1989.

Pierre Beregovoy, the current socialist premier, is under fire for accepting an interestfree loan of one million francs (\$100,000) from a financier described as an old friend, but it is not clear whether a political

payoff was involved. Repayment was made in the form of old books.

M. KAHIL

over the Arabs, a fact grudgingly

accepted since the Camp David

agreements. The second governs

the Arab parties. Syria, the

strongest, has the least at stake;

the Palestinians, the weakest,

have the most at stake. It is this

asymmetry that Israel hopes to

exploit. For this reason Mr.

Rabin, with some kind of U.S.

support, is dangling the prospect of a nebulous withdrawal from

the Golan Heights in return for a

clearer Syrian distance (prefer-

ably a separate peace) from the

Palestinian cause and demands. If

this tactic fails, Mr. Rabin's government will try to respond to

U.S. pleas to soften its oppressive

measures and violations of hu-

man rights in the occupied terri-

tories in return for Palestinian

acceptance of an Israeli definition

400 Palestinians upset the equa-

tion. Mr. Rabin's visit to the U.S.

was designed to ensure that the

peace process is resumed in

The deportation of more than

of "self-governing authority."

Particularly offensive to the French is what they see as a cover-up of the state health system's having allowed hemophiliaes to receive Aidstainted blood, resulting in at least 300 deaths.

The former director of the national blood bank is serving a four-year prison term, but no cabinet ministers have been tried despite evidence that some knew of the policy.

In Spain, Premier Felipe Gonzalez's Socialists have been linked to several financial scandals. One involves allegations that Siemens, a German company, paid \$8 million in kickbacks to land a contract for work on a high-speed, train linking Madrid and Seville.

Faraway Japan, buffeted by one financial scandal after another, shows some of Italy's characteristics: A party that has ruled for nearly 40 years and a close relationship between business and govern-

"Corruption happens in many countries, including America, but in Italy things got out of hand," said British historian Denis Mack Smith, a expert on the country.

With the same parties being kept in power for 40 years to keep the communists out, he said, "nobody wanted to rock the boat. Everyone just turned a blind eye."

Public indignation has reached such heights that Fran-co Zeffirelli, the movie and opera director, was quoted as recommending that a guillotine for the corrupt be erected in the Piazza del Popolo.

Such rhetoric aside, a public Outcry forced the government to withdraw a decree that would have removed the penalties for illicit political financing.

A much-acclaimed new study of Italian institutions, by Harvard Professor Robert Putnam takes the long view that corruption flourishes where civic consciousness has been lacking for centuries. Some say the reporting of

the scandals is a healthy sign. "That's the difference between democracy and dictatorship," said Iring Fetscher, a political science professor at Frankfurt University. "If it comes out, this is already a sign of recovery from a disease."

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The civilian high emergency security court in this desert oasis town charged Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman and 48 others with conspiracy in the 1989 mur-

Scores of riot police with the courthouse in Faiyoum, Sheikh Abdul Rahman's home town and stronghold about 100

January, judicial sources said.

in the Nerw York area since 1990. there are being held in connection with the February bombing

of the World Trade Centre which killed six people and injured more than 1,000. The government does not want the innocence of Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman, they want

lawyer Adel Aymouni told reporhad received no formal legal summons to attend the retrial from the Egyptian embassy in

what penalties Sheikh Abdul Rahman and others would face if convicted, although they would have the right to appeal to

Egypt's supreme court.

Mr. Aymouni said some of the other defendants had been outside Egypt since 1989.

Militants from Al Gama'a Al Islamiya (Islamic Group), the main group fighting the government in a year-long surge of political violence, regard Sheikh Abdul Rahman as the spiritual guide behind their bid to topple the government and set up a purist Islamic state.

They have killed police, Christians and foreign tourists in their campaign, which has ruined the country's vital tourist industry, prompted ruthless police crackdown and tarnished the country's image in the international com-

Sheikh Abdul Rahman, who has been questioned by U.S. federal agents over the New York bombing, was tried and acquitted in 1982 of "sanctifying" the assas-sination the year before of Mr. Mubarak's predecessor. Anwar

A U.S. immigration court has ruled the preacher should be deported for entering the country on false information, but Sheikh Abdul Rahman, who denies inciting violence, is appealing against that in a process his U.S. lawyers say may take months.

Egyptian officials announced they would retry the preacher two weeks ago but political leaders have publicly played down his importance in the militant movement, saying he would be welcome to return home like any Egyptian citizen.

Sheikh Abdul Rahman worked for five years in Saudi Arabia, and travelled to Iran, Pakistan, Afghanistan and other Muslim countries in the late 1980s.

Egyptian officials have accused him of sending cheques worth \$140,000 from the United States

King, Queen leave for Britain

. The King was also seen off by Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Royal Court Chief Khaled Al Karaand Lower Houses of rarliament, the deputy prime ernor of Amman, the director of the Public Security

in as Regent during the King's absence.

A Royal Palace official and discuss the U.S.-Russia-

The talks "will focus ways over Israel's Dec. 17 expulsion of nearly 400 Palestinians from the occupied territories, the official told the

Hussein, the supreme commander of the Armed Forces.

Mr. Clinton sought to assure

Mr. Mubarak that the United

States will not tilt towards Israel,

the administration officials said.

stressed that Egypt's annual \$2.3 billion in aid will not be cut,

despite growing unease among

Americans about the size of the

Mr. Clinton and Mr. Mubarak

both denounced terrorism, with

Mr. Clinton saying they were

"determined to counter Iran's in-

volvement in terrorism, and its

active opposition to the Middle

"Both our nations have suf-

U.S. foreign aid package.

The White House already has

visited the Army General Headquarters where he was received by the newlyappointed chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Lieutenant-General Abdul Hafez Mirai, the chief of staff of the land forces, the assistants of the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the inspector general and the chief of staff of the Royal Air

Force. King Hussein congratulated Gen. Mirai on his new post and discussed with him issues of concern to the

Armed Forces. Also Tuesday, King Hussein received at the Royal Court former chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Field

Marshal Fathi Abu Taleb. King Hussein conferred upon Field Marshal Abu Taleb the distinguished Al Nahda Medal in appreciation of his performance in service

over the past 43 years. King Hussein also conferred upon the director of the Civil Defence Department, Major-General Afif Al Ghoul, the Al Istiklal Medal of the First Order.

The King also conferred upon Liutenant-General Salem Al Turk, former army chief of staff of the land forces, the Al Kawkab Medal of the First Order. Gen. Turk was retired this week.

Clinton says U.S. 'full partner'

(Continued from page 1) George Bush, who exerted pressure on Israel to comply with U.S. wishes, may be softened by Mr.

bombing of the World Trade Centre in New York.

Mr. Clinton said he had ordered a complete review of what the United States was told" by the Egyptians last year. Mr. Mubarak said the information did not involve "definite informa-tion," on the World Trade Centre

Washington, Mr. Mubarak is to fly to Paris for talks Wednesday with French President Francois Mitterrand

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Two soldiers look at Gaza's violence, see different stories

By Ron Kampeas The Associated Press

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip - This is the story of two Israeli soldiers stationed in the occupied territories: A pessimist and an optimist, a reservist and a professional officer, a man hates his job and one who

loves it. But it does not have a happy ending - or even an end in sight. In the fifth year of the Palestinian uprising against Israeli occupation, the issues that brought the protest to a head are still unresolved. Frustration is mounting on both

"There's a feeling of futility for soldiers in Gaza," says Sergeant T, carefully keeping watch from the back of a command car rumbling through Gaza City.

"Ten men did not even turn up for service," he adds, refer-

in Algeria

security measures could be put in

General Nezzar, the strongman

of Algeria's five-man ruling com-

mittee, discussed "questions of common interest" in separate

meetings with U.S. Ambassador

Mary Ann Casey and French

Ambassador Bernard Kessed-

jian, the official APS news agen-

The embassies' defence

attaches were present at the

meetings, along with Gen. Nez-zar's counsellors," APS said.

meetings with promised new

security measures, announced in

March by Prime Minister Belaid

Abdul Salam, and said they

The support of France, Algera

ia's top trading partner, and the United States are crucial to

Algeria's economic recovery. The

country's battered economy is

seen as the motor behind the

Muslim fundamentalist move-

ment, whose banning spawned,

dition of anonymity, provided no information on what the mea-

sures could entail. The prime

They would be in addition to a

series of steps taken over the past

14 months to counter attacks by

Islamic extremists that have left

more than 600 people dead on

minister never specified.

the violence.

both sides.

The sources

would be put in place shortly.

Reliable sources linked the

cy reported without comment.

unit who could face jail for refusing their annual month's duty in the Gaza Strip.

Major Eldad, a commander in northern Gaza, sees a different Gaza as he relaxes in a headquarters tent hung with maps, invigorated by a tour in the field.

"The army is in control and they (the Palestinians) are fatigued," he says.

Under military regulations, the soldiers' full names cannot be used. Both are young and unmarried, both serve in crack infantry units — the sergeant in the Golani Brigade and Maj. Eldad in the Givati Brigade. They were interviewed as

Israel tries to find new ways to battle a Palestinian uprising that has increasingly turned to the use of guns, including

ambushes on soldiers.
In March alone, Gazans were blamed for eight Israeli deaths in the strip and Israel itself, while 18 Palestinians were fatally shot in clashes with troops in Gaza.

Fearing that the army has lost control in Gaza, right-wing politicians have demanded the government move to a war footing there. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin rejected the idea, as well as calls by cabinet left-wingers that Israel un-

ilaterally leave the strip. Instead, last week he sealed off Gaza and the occupied West Bank indefinitely. This means 1.8 million Palestinians - including some 110,000 wage earners — cannot enter Israel. In the past, such clo-

in the occupied lands. But Maj. Eldad, 28, dismisses suggestions that Gaza has deteriorated into a war situation. "The use of the word "war" to describe a civil uprising reflects an ignorance of

sures have led to more violence

military issues," said the beefy. crew-cut officer.

He blames the Israeli media for exaggerating events, saying the uprising was much worse

five years ago when it began. At that time the army faced mass demonstrations. Now, Maj. Eldad says he spends his time hunting down men wanted for armed attacks.

"The amateurs have gone home," he said. "The people are tired, so the hard core learns new tricks." He says the use of guns

represents the desperation of

uprising leaders and predicts

the morale of the attackers will be broken. "I sleep maybe two hours a night. I don't let myself go home until I have captured at least one wanted man," the

major says. Sgt. T, 24, also says the situation in Gaza has changed. "The other day, a soldier in

my unit who speaks Arabic translated graffiti for me." he says. "It read: 'Don't throw stones; we'll take care of them.' It was decorated with

guns. But the sergeant, who de-scribes himself as right-wing, does not think the Palestinians are broken.

"You see a two-year-old picking up a pebble and tossing it at you, and you know it's here to stay," he says. "Gaza is a no-win situation, it is like a cancer under the belly of Israel ...we accomplish nothing by staying."
Sgt. T's commander orders

his troops off the car. They cock their assault rifles and patrol Gaza City's Saladin Street, named after the famed. Muslim warrior.

They maintain a steady jog, hugging the walls, four men on one side, three on the other. Another command car pro-

It is Friday. Aside from the presence of the troops, it is a

languid afternoon in the sunny, dusty town. Chickens turn on a spit in a barbecue shop, and men lounge along the street. A small girl sucks a popsicle. Maj. Eldad, told of Sgt. T's views, notes that reservists

based on political beliefs here. I am a professional. I have only army considerations." The army evidently agrees. It has announced plans to re-

"bring moral considerations

place all reserve units in Gaza with regular troops. Sgt. T returns from patrol as

the sunlight fades. Under his visored helmet is a bright yellow baseball cap. He watches other soldiers, granted leaves for the Jewish sabbath, waving down cars for lifts out of the strip.

"I don't even tell my parents I'm in Gaza," he says.

New security **British woman continues** moves seen battle for custody of 2 sons in the making CAIRO (AP) — A British

mother battling her Egyptian ex-husband for custody of their two ALGIERS (AP) - Defence Minister Khaled Nezzar met sons resumed her 31/2-year-old-Monday with the ambassadors of fight at court Monday vowing: "I the United States and France, won't give_up.' reportedly signalling that new

Pamela Green, 38, brought two character witnesses to testify in place shortly to counter Islamic the crowded south Cairo primary court. She went through 19 similar hearings in another court for two years until the court ruled in February 1992 that it lacked juris-

Her husband's lawyer failed to produce two character witnesses and the court postponed the case to April 26 at his request.

Ms. Green and her Egyptianborn, British national husband, Abdul Salam Ahmad, were divorced in 1988. British courts gave her custody of daughter Yasmeen and sons Sawy and Sammie, but Mr. Ahmad flew the children back to Cairo for a vacation in 1989 and refused to take

Ms. Green said her problem began when Mr. Ahmad telephoned her after arriving in Cairo with the children and "said he had some bad news."

"He told me that I would never see my children again. And that if I tried to come to Cairo for them, he would have me killed and buried and one would care be-

Ms. Green, wearing a navy blazer and a white-and-blue print skirt, spoke to the Associated Press at the courthouse. "I borrowed money and came

to Cairo. My fomrer husband had left the three children with his parents and travelled to the United States," Ms. Green said. The

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grandparents let her see the children a few times in their home. Seeing that her court case was going nowhere by December 1990, Ms. Green used four friends" to help her kidnap her children. She only succeeded in taking her daughter, and her former father-in-law got away with the two boys after knifing her in the body so badly she required

"The last time I saw my sons were that terrible day when they saw their grandfather stab me," recalled Ms. Green, who has converted to Islam with the name Hebataliah Ahmad, "For all I know, they have told them I am dead and have brainwashed them against me."

extensive surgery.

Yasmeen, now 12, is in Britain. The children's grandfather was sentenced to seven years in jail for the attack on Ms. Green.

Under Egyptian law, divorced women get custody of children until girls are 12, boys 10. Ms. Green's elder son, Sawy, is 10, Sammie 9. At 12 and 10, the law grants

sustody to the father unless the children specify otherwise. Although the law makes no exceptions, custody sometimes is not so clear-cut when the mother is foreign and especially Western. "I am afraid now that new

court will ask for the two elder children to question them about who they want to be with." Ms. Green said. But "I'm afraid to bring Yasmeen back to Cairo officially, and I am afraid they have brainwashed the boys against me.

"It is very difficult, but I won't give up.'

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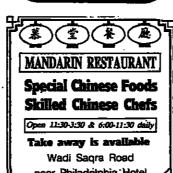
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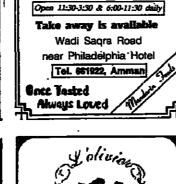


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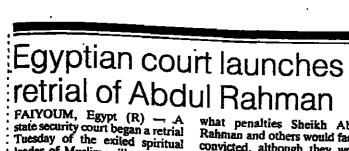
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FAIYOUM, Egypt (R) — A state security court began a retrial Tuesday of the exiled spiritual leader of Muslim militants seeking to topple the Egyptian gov-emment and of suspects in New York's World Trade Centre blast.

der of a policeman and "mobilising the people to overthrow the government. Eleven of Sheikh Abdul Rahman's co-defendants, locked in a cage inside the courthouse, told reporters they had been taken from their homes Tuesday morning to appear before the court. shields and fixed bayonets ringed

kilometres southwest of Cairo. Sheikh Abdul Rahman and the others were acquitted of the same charges in 1989. Egyptian officials reopened the case last month and ordered the retrial after President Hosni Mubarak nullified the original verdict in

Sheikh Abdul Rahman, a blind preacher revered by Egyptian Islamic fundamentalists, has lived Five of his alleged followers

to crush him," the preacher's

He said Sheikh Abdul Rahman Washington. He said he had

spoken by telephone with his client last week. It was not immediately clear to fund militants in Egypt. (Continued from page 1) other members of the Royal

ki, the speakers of the Upper ministers and members of the authoration to 22. Cabinet, the chairman of the mayor of Amman, the gov-

> Department, senior officials and the British ambassador to Jordan. Prince Hassan was sworn

> said the King's 10-day visit is "private" but that he would pay a courtesy call on British Prime Minister John Major

sponsored peace efforts. to advance Arab-Israeli negotiations," deadlocked

Associated Press. Before his departure, King

fered from the tragic consequences of terrorism," Mr. Clinton

Mr. Mubarak said in a New York Times interview published Monday that Egyptian intelli-gence supplied the United States with general information that might have prevented the Feb. 26

bombing. After his four-day visit to

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Vogts vows to get tough with players

BONN (R) — Germany coach remind them of their pride and Serti Vogts Monday dropped honour." Lazio midfielder Thomas Doll for But th appointing form.

Vogts was very unhappy with lucky 1-0 victory over an understrength Scotland side last month. especially in the wake of a 3-1 should think a bit. drubbing by Brazil in December.

Glasgow game. is clearly an ex- friendly April 14.

ample to the rest of the squad.

But the tough new approach next week's friendly against Gha- from the normally diplomatic na and warned he was going to Vogts indicates he is starting to get tougher with selection after the world champions' recent dis-before the 1994 World Cup finals in the United States.

"I have had to listen to his Germany's poor showing in a excuses too many times in the past," the coach said. "Easter is a time for reflection. Thomas Doll

Vogts named uncapped 22-With just over a year remaining year-old midfielder Karlheinz until next year's World Cup, the Pflipsen from Borussia Moendropping of former East German chengladbach in Doll's place in Doll, who was substituted in the 19-man party for the Bochum

"I would rather take a player "I can't be satisfied with the like Pflipsen to the World Cup messy way we played for most of who maybe does not have the the game." Vogts said. "It's not on that some players are putting on a German shirt and going off for an afternoon stroll. I need to ness of the situation."



Eric Cantona jubilates after scoring a goal for his team, Manchester United, who won their match against Norwich 3-1.

MANCHESTER UNITED MOVE INTO 2ND PLACE: Manchester United exploded for three first-half goals in eight minutes to dismiss fellow title-contender Norwich, 3-1, in a key battle Monday in England's Premier League. Scores by Ryan Giggs, Andrei Kanchelskis and Eric Cantona gave United its first win in five games, with six games to go. United is in second place just one point behind leader Aston Villa. Norwich fell to third, two

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1 :

North East South West Pess Pass Pass

48742 KJ63

Opening lead: King of 4 his first inaugural address. Franklin D. Rooseveit warned that "the only thing to fear is fear itself." Airaid of the unknown, South found

a way to go down in an unbeatable contract. North's hand was on the borderline between an invitational jump gise of three hearts and a leap to game. Since almost all the points were prime, North took the more aggressive course. The final con-

ract would have been the same in

, ither case.

West led the king of spades and East dropped the queen, promising the jack and requesting that partner

underlead the ace of spades next. West dutifully obliged and, after winning the jack of spades East continued a third round, dummy

ruffing. The ace of hearts was led and declarer regarded West's nine with suspicion. Afraid East had started with four hearts to the queen, South next ran the ten. West won and led a fourth spade, ruffed with the table's

last trump as East discarded a club. Declarer now tried to come to hand with a club to draw the last trump. Unfortunately, East ruffed for the setting trick.

Declarer's play might be right at duplicate, where overtricks are important. At rubber bridge it was at best pointless; at worst, as circumstances proved, fatal.

Declarer should have continued with a trump to the king. If West shows out, a trump back to the ten will give East a trump trick, but declarer will be able to enter the closed hand with a club to draw the last trump and claim the contract.
That loses only in the unlikely event East started with four cards in each major-virtually impossible, given the play to the first three tricks.

Japanese town spends millions on soccer dream

KASHIMA (R) — Why would a small town in Japan splash out more than \$70 million to buy a retired Brazilian superstar and huild a brand new stadium for

This drab industrial municipality of 45,000 people on Japan's east coast has no history of soccer. Yet Sumitomo Metal and Ibaraki Prefecture, to which Kashima belongs, have set out to create a soccer dream as a way of reviving the area.

Sumitomo, whose steel plant is the biggest local employer, stunned Kashima residents and the soccer world two years ago when it announced it had signed Zico, then 38, Brazil's most famous player after Pele, for the local

In October 1991, the Kashima Antiers Club was formally born with investment from five towns in the area and 43 local firms. many from the Sumitomo Group. The Antlers Club is one of 10

founder members of Japan's new professional J-League, which kicks off May 15.

Work began on a new stadium in April 1992 in an area of woods and scrubland, and Antlers will inaugurate it May 4 in a friendly with Fluminense of Brazil. The stadium, the country's first

custom-built all-seat covered soccer arena, has 15,000 seats and an advanced Swiss drainage system which, for the first time in Japan, will guarantee grass throughout the year.

Total cost is 8.2 billion yen (\$71 million), all put up by the Ibaraki authorities.

"We are known as a town with a tradition of martial arts," said Kashima mayor Takeshi Ikari. We want to become famous as a Mecca for soccer. Let soccer be the fire to ignite the area and give it new life." Posters speak of the "Antlers

football dream.' As in other parts of Japan, soccer has become the most popular sport among schoolboys in Kashima over the last five years, overtaking baseball, the

traditional favourite. Yet the area has no soccer tradition. The Sumitomo team, on which the Antlers was built, played only in the second division of the pre-professional league.

So the club bought not only Zico, on a three-year contract low Brazilian international Carlos Alberto Souza Dos Santos, six Japanese players and a coach from the Honda team.

In 88 games for Brazil, Zico scored 68 goals, only to the legendary Pele. He retired in 1990 and became Brazil's first sports ambassador, a post he gave up on joining the Antlers. "The start of a professional

league is a turning point for soccer in Japan. This is a challenge for me," said Zico, explaining why he came out of retirement. "I want to make whatever con-

tribution I can and make Antiers a famous name in the soccer world," he said.

Peanuts

Becker's health shrouded in mystery

LONDON (AP) — On the day injury-plagued Boris Becker should have been playing a tournament in Japan, the German tennis star was on a tennis court in Monte Carlo facing Henri Leconte.

The health of the world's fourth-ranked player has been shrouded in mystery recently over his withdrawal from five tournaments in a row.

His latest absence was this week's Japan Open in Tokyo. Yet a tennis coach at the Monte Carlo country club told the Associated Press that Becker spent the morning hitting with Leconte.

"He practiced this morning with Leconte for two hours and will practice again this aftersaid the club's Bernard

Becker, 25, has not completed a tournament since he was forced to pull out of the Eurocard Open in Stuttgart in mid-February be-cause of a viral infection. He has also missed competitions in Rotterdam and Osaka, Japan, and dropped out in the third round of a tournament in Key Biscayne last month, again with a virus.
Why Becker has been sick so

long remains unclear. His doctor, Hans-Wilhelm Mueller-Wohlfahrt, declines comment. According to Berlin's

North Carolina 77, Michigan 71 in NCAA final

NEW ORLEANS (AP) - Chris Webber made

one big play after another for Michigan, and then he made the biggest mistake of the night. With the Wolverines trailing North Carolina 73-71 in the

NCAA title game Monday night. Webber re-

bounded a missed free throw and raced upcourt.

With 11 seconds left, he called timeout. But

Michigan had no timeouts left. As a result, a

technical foul was called against the Wolverines

and Donald Williams made both free throws to

secure the Tar Heels' 77-71 victory. Webber was

clearly upset. From the time he left the court until

the time he reached the locker room, he walked

with his head down. He pushed aside one of the

television cameramen walking in his path. Webber

called last year's loss to Duke in the championship

game the lowest point in his life. "It's the same,"

TOKYO (AP) - Second-seeded Pete Sampras,

firing 15 service aces, beat Australian Jamie

Morgan 7-5, 6-3 Tuesday in the \$1.2 million Japan

Open tennis tournament. Morgan hit 13 aces in

reply against Sampras, who is battling to move up

to the world No. 1 ranking. He now trails fellow

American Jim Courier, the top seed here, 3,559 points to 3,829. In first-round matches, 12th-

seeded Kenneth Carlsen of Denmark beat Amer-

ican qualifier Tom Mercer 6-4, 6-1, Australian

qualifier Neil Borwick upset 14th-seeded American Jim Grabb 6-1, 6-1, and Daniel Vacek of the

Czech Republic downed Swedish qualifier Rikard

Bergh 6-4, 6-3. No. 16 seed Andrei Chersakov of

Russia beat Germany's Karsten Braasch 6-7 (3-7),

7-5, 6-4, and American Jonathan Stark defeated Martin Strelba of the Czech Republic 6-4, 6-7

(9-11), 6-8.

he said. "It's the exact same."



Boris Becker

public." A spokeswomen with the Association of Tennis Professionals Tour said it was informed only that Becker's withdrawals were for "medical reasons."

The morgenpost also quoted German Davis Cup chief Nikki Pilic as saying that perhaps Becker has never really been fully cured of the virus that knocked him out of the Stuttgart tourney. Becker did not play with the

German Davis Cup team that won in Moscow a week ago, having announced earlier in the year that he would skip the first Davis Cup round and concentrate on his goal of regaining the world No. 1 spot.

His recent withdrawals, however, make it unlikely he will regain the top spot anytime soon. So far this year, Becker has won only in Oatar and Milan.

Officials at Monte Carlo, where Becker has his official residence, say they expect the German to play in the tournament Morgenpost newspaper, he "re-spects the wish of his prominent patient and is making nothing Morgenpost reported that Becker

SPORTS NEWS IN BRIEF

may come back a week earlier to play in Nice, France, if his condition improves.

Top 10 money winners in tennis this year, according to a list issued by the Women's Tennis Association and the men's ATP tour:

Steffi Graf \$485,175 Monica Seles \$429,138 Arastza Sanchez Vicario \$369,736 Martina Navratilova \$281,250 Gigi Fernandez \$187,108 Natalia Zvereva \$184,388 Jana Novotna . \$179,097 Gabriela Sabatini \$176,609 Mary Joe Fernandez\$173,928 10. Conchita Martinez \$173,541

Jim Coarier Michael Stich Pete Sampras Boris Becker Richard Krajicek Wally Masur Wayne Ferreira \$241,650

9. Michael Chang 10. Petr Korda

England captain to miss rest of season

LONDON (R) - England captain Stuart Pearce

will miss the rest of the season and England's next

three World Cup ties because of a groin injury, his

club said Tuesday. The England defender, who

plays for Nottingham Forest, underwent surgery

have an operation next week and will be unable to

resume training until June after England have played World Cup qualifiers against the Nether-lands, Poland and Norway.

Milan set up information service for fans

MILAN (AP) - AC Milan, the powerful Italian

soccer club, inaugurated an information service this week for its fans called "Milan line." By

dialing a special number, at a cost of 952 lire (60

U.S. cents) per minute, the caller can hear a tape

giving the latest team news, interviews with team

officials and players, details on ticket prices and travels with the squad. Milan has two draws and

one loss in its last three league games and was

eliminated from the Italian Cup. It appears to be a

shadow of the team which dominated the first part

of the season. The special telephone number is

McLaren name Brazilian for European GP

WOKING (AP) - Former world Formula One

champion Ayrton Senna, who is driving for the

McLaren team on a race-by-race basis, will be in Sunday's European Grand Prix at Donington Park, the British-based team said Monday. The

three-time titlist, who won the last Grand Prix in

his native Brazil, still not made up his mind

whether to make a season-long agreement with McLaren. American driver Michael Andretti and

Finland's Mika Hakkinen are McLaren's other

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LEADING EDGE CREATING ;

A VACUUM WHICH CAUSES LIFT..

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HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY APRIL 7, 1993

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A somewhat contentious atmosphere is in the air today and tonight and your affairs could be in quick disarray if you are impatient. scrappy or try to get things moving without proper deliberation.

ARUES: (March 21 to April 19) Private worries can make you act as you normally would not so keep your good humor despite provoca-tions and tonight refrain from bat-ties, tifts. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Friends and acquaintances do not

seem aware of your standpoint today so go it on your own and tonight sociability can be dis-

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) The daytime can bring some difficulties where credit or career interests are concerned but the afternoon and evening find friends in a combative

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Contests with a newcon to see who knows the most merely leads or strife so avoid discussiwhile later you must not annoy a bigwig.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Think about what you can do to get obligations met in a harmonious fashion despite pressures to be contentious, tonight avoid going off on a tangent.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) A condition comes into the

open regarding an associate that makes you see red but use self control and do nothing while later don't argue over an account.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Tasks seem to be too much of a pressure without proper results but keep plugging away and later don't take up an argument with a part

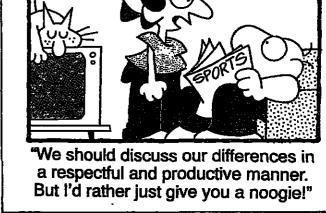
SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You are tempted to take on an outside interest that will turn out to be much too expensive for you to continue, tonight avoid an upset fellow associate.

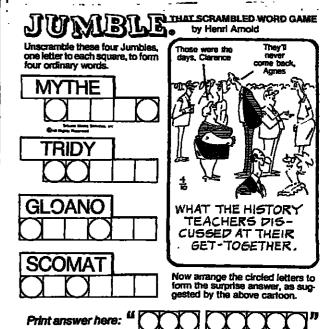
SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Home can be the scene fo some pretty difficult moments unless you keep away from subjects that cause strife but tonight don't force a good time. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) This is certainly the day to avoid any carelessness whether on the highway or otherwise in motion while later quarrels

can occur at home. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) This is your day for showing you can say no to some scheme that could clear you out of your assets, tonight use care in motion such as the highway.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Your discontentment today can lead you into a considerable amount of trouble if you express it openly; tonight be careful of a practical error.







Jumbles: SKULK LIMBO SNAPPY TAUGHT What the potential boat buyer listened to--"SAILS" TALK

Andy Capp





Mutt'n'Jeff



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UAE sets 10% capital adequacy requirement

ABU DHABI (R) - The United Arab Emirates (UAE) is tightening control of its banks by requiring them to maintain capital adequacy levels of 10 per cent, higher than standards set by the bank for International Settlements (BIS). The UAE central bank said Monday it was setting quarterly deadlines for banks to report

rule, which goes into effect on Capital adequacy is the ratio between shareholders' equity and assets. Sufficient levels are intended to minimise the risk to a bank's creditors and depositors.

their capital adequacy levels to

prove they are in line with the

"This ratio obliges banks to maintain, at all times, a minimum level of 10 per cent of total risk weighted assets relative to the capital base," the bank said in a

U.S. Dollar in International Market

in co-operation with

Cairo Amman Bank

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New York

Date 5/4/1993

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Belgian Franc

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Lebanese Lira^{*}

Saudi Riyal

Kuwaiti Dinar

Qatari Riyal

Omani Riyal

UAE Dirham

Greek Drachma*

CAB Indices for Amman Financial Market

Cypriot Pound

All-Share

Banking Sector

Egyptian Pound

European Currency Unit

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European Curreny Unit

already now have a large capital which makes it possible to set a higher ratio than recommended by the Basle-based committee.

The decision follows repeated urging by the Arab League and the Basle-based BIS for banks to maintain a minimum eight per cent capital adequacy.

The central bank said last June it would enforce the BIS ratio levels. It informed UAE commercial banks Sunday they must submit reports based on two types of capital used in calculating the ratio within two weeks of the end of each quarter.

One banker said in calculating the ratio, banks will have to deduct shortfalls in their provisions every year instead of rolling over money set aside for potential

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"They will have to deal with their provisions each year or it will have an effect on their capital adequacy," he said.

Bankers said some of the UAE's 46 commercial banks continued to have ratios of less than four per cent. Ratios already are as high as 10 per cent among the stronger banks.

"Some UAE banks will be faced with the problem and may have to merge," a banker said. The central bank said it wanted to provide a cushion against losses to depositors and customers and increase confidence in the

UAE banks suffered losses in the mid-1980s after a rush in lending during the oil boom. Many banks closed or merged after loans failed to perform.

Rouble falls to 712 per dollar

MOSCOW (R) — The rouble dropped to a record low of 712 to the dollar on the Moscow Interbank Currency Exchange Tuesday from 692 at the previous trading session on Thursday. It was the first time the currency under pressure all year - had weakened to more than 700 to the dollar. The rouble traded at around 650 to the dollar a month ago and around 415 at the start of the year. Several former Soviet republics have abandoned the rouble but the currency is still used in many states. It has been falling amid soaring Russian inflation and fears that money supply is growing much too fast. Consumer prices rose more than

2,600 per cent in 1992.

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Economic reforms key factor in Yemen polls

SANAA (R) — Yemen's ruling and opposition parties are all promising a revival of a battered economy in their race to secure votes in the country's first general elections to be held on April 27.

President Ali Abdullah Saleb's General People's Congress (GPC), says: "The people's economic suffering is our prime concern. Improving the living standard and keeping away the ghost of poverty is the first target."

The GPC's ruling partner, the Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) which held power in the former Marxist South Yemen before the country merged in May 1990, advocates free market principles. It promised to "defend and

the free market economy." The country's main progressive and nationalist opposition party. which has special influence in southern Yemen, the Yemen Unionist Gathering Party, warns that "a citizen who lacks the

encourage private economic own-

ership ... and abide by the laws of

minimum living can easily turn to a criminal."

opposition party, Yemeni Gathering for Reform, says the "principles of the aspired reforms stem from strict adherence to God's laws," and promised a "wise economic, financial and monetary

Yemenis complain that prices of basic commodities are on the rise while the government often faces liquidity problems, making it unable to pay salaries on time.

An annual inflation estimated at 100 per cent was fuelled by a 26-billion rival (\$2.17 billion) budget deficit in 1992 and a steady fall in the value of the currency.

The rival shed about 10 per cent against the dollar in the first quarter of 1993. The dollar now fetches 46 rivals on the open market compared to an official exchange rate of 12 riyals. Since January Yemen, one of

the region's poorest states, has worked with a budget of monthly allocation based on 1992 figures. Fifteen people were killed last

December in cost-of-living riots which engulfed six towns includ-While the biggest Islamic ing the capital Sanaa. The riots

tion of free market reforms which followed the unity accord.

Economists expect total expenditure this year to jump to 70 billion riyals (\$5.8 billion), partly because of election costs, compared to 1992 expenditure of 58 billion riyals (\$4.8 billion).

They say most of the deficit will be covered by an increase in oil production by September of 120.000 barrels per day (b/d). Yemen, which produces about 200,000 b/d, earned some 234 million in oil exports in 1992.

Economists blame the crisis on government extravagance, political chaos, shortage of foreign aid, corruption and lack of longterm planning.

They also say Yemen's problem was triggered by the halt of Gulf Arab aid when Sanaa appeared to side with Baghdad in the 1990-91 Gulf crisis and the expulsion of a million Yemenis from the Gulf whose remittances amounted to \$1.4 billion in 1989.

Opposition parties blame political rivalry and misuse of funds by the two ruling parties.

Copper prices plunge

LONDON (R) - Copper prices, hit by a wave of selling, plunged to their lowest for almost five years on the London Metal Exchange (LME) Tuesday.

Base metal dealers said technical pressure at around \$2,130 per tonne proved too strong to resist, and when the metal went below this level selling emerged

from all quarters.

Prices for forward delivery of the LME's flagship three-month contract collapsed to \$2,090 a

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BOUSIEC BASE CENTER AFFIAM - SHMETSAKT TELEPECHE: 660170 / 663170 MARKET SHARE PPICE LIST FOR TUSEDA: 06/04/1993

June 1988, and more than \$300 below early-1993 highs of around \$2,400. Commodity analysts said copper was finally starting to come to

terms with so-called market fun-

damentals after having being

buoyed for long periods by unforeseen concerns about supply. "It now appears that there is nothing to underpin the market in terms of fundamentals," analyst Neil Buxton of Metal Bulletin Research (NBR) in London said.

down since the start of the year... but every time it has been rescued by supply problems or the Chinese," he said. China was a significant buyer at

"It has been looking to go

the start of the year, but its acquisitions of the metal has since dried

Floods in Arizona in January and February reduced U.S. output, strikes in Mexico and Papua New Guinea in mid-February,

tonne, down \$52 from Monday and labour problems last month night's close and its lowest since at Chile's Chuquicamata mine complex all helped to stave off notential declines. LME broker billion-Enthoven Metals said in its latest weekly report. But these factors now were out

of the way and surplus supply was coming into play with stocks of the metal rising on both sides of the Atlantic, analysts said.

Despite a blossoming U.S. economic recovery, the other engines of world growth, Germany and Japan, are still struggling. This means industrial demand growth for copper, used mainly in the construction, electrical and transportation sectors, would continue to be sluggish.

In the absence of unpredictable supply disruptions or stoppages further prices falls were likely. traders said.

'What happens to the price of a commodity in times of surplus is that it goes below the marginal cost of production," MBR's Buxton said.

Russia releases new gold reserve figures

MOSCOW (R) - Russia re- serves at twice that level although leased new figures for its oncestocks of platinum and palladium. currency.

Yuri Kotlyar, first deputy chairman of Russia's precious metals committee, said reserves totalled 308 tonnes. The central bank held 133 tonnes and the committee 175 tonnes.

He said Russia had sufficient reserves to hold exports of platinum and palladium steady but declined to give a figure, adding: "They are a secret and they will never be disclosed."

Gold reserves were a tightly guarded secret in the Soviet Union until economist Grigory Yavlinsky shocked the financial world in November 1991 by saying re-

serves were 240 tonnes. Western experts had out re-

they agreed that stocks had been secret gold reserves Tuesday but falling for several years as the kept the world guessing on its country struggled to find hard

Estimates of Russian reserve levels released since then have ranged from just over 100 tonnes to 320 tonnes.

"The market has overdosed on these figures to a certain extent," said Andrew Smith, precious metals analyst at brokers UBS in

He did not expect the gold reserve figures to have any impact on prices, although news that Russia held platinum stocks could nudge platinum group metals prices lower.

Mr. Kotlyar told Reuters by telephone that total gold reserves had risen by 20 tonnes in 1992 because of low exports.

Tel.: 677420

Tel.: 699238

Tel.: 625155

Syria powers ahead with big electricity deals

investing more than \$900 million to improve electricity generation and meet increasing demand for power supplies, a senior government official said Tuesday.

Zaki Odieh, director-general of Syria's Electricity Authority. told Reuters he expected disruptions in electricity supply, ranging between two to four hours a day, to end within two years.

He said contracts worth around \$710 million for the construction of power stations had been signed with Japenese and Chinese companies. The projects will pump 1,000 megawatts into Syria's power grid.

In addition, a \$200 million Russian-built plant which has begun test production will have a capacity of 400 megawatts, and Mr. Odieh said approval had also been obtained for the construction of a 600 megawatt station near Damascus.

Mr. Odieh said a project to link the electricity networks of Syria, Turkey, Iraq, Jordan and Egypt is due to be completed by 1997 and would also ensure stable sup-

plies. He attributed much of the power shortage to a decline in the flow of the Euphrates river,

where one of Syria's biggest hydroelectric projects is based, and on higher local demand. Euphrates dam in central Syria provided 55 to 60 per cent of

Power generation units at the Syria's electricity needs in 1988, but the figure dropped to only six per cent in recent years. Mr.

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria is Odich said. Turkey has completed several dams on the Euphrates. Under a provisional watersharing agreement signed by Syria and Turkey in 1987, more

> than 500 cubic metres (17.660 cubic ft) per second would flow to Svria. Damascus has been seeking an

increase, but no agreement has been reached. Mr. Odieh said the new power projects included a 600 megawatt combined cycle generation network consisting of four gas-fed turbines and two steam turbines with a capacity of 100 megawatts

each. They will be built by Mitsu-

bishi of Japan in 32 months. The first four units of the project, located some 100 kilometres porth of Damascus, were financed mainly by Japan's Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund (OECF). They are due to start commercial production two years

from now.
The OECF agreed to provide a \$424 million loan for the project, with Syria financing work costing about \$57 million.

A second \$230 million contract was signed with China's Sichaun Machinery and Equipment Import and Export Corporation to build a 398 megawatt network

near the the central city of Hama. Abu Dhabi's Fund for Arab Economic Development would cover 74 per cent of the project's total cost while Syria would provide the rest. Mr. Odieh said the project would be used mainly to supply power to a steel factory due to be built in the area.

Cigarette price war could hit premium brands in new markets

LONDON (R) - A full-scale cigarette price war in the United States, prompted by tobaccogiant Philip Morris's move to cut the cost of its popular Marlboros, could erode the cachet of such premium brands in growth markets, analysts sav.

The mild taste and imageoriented advertising of these brands have spurred export sales at a time of flat to lower cigarette consumption in the key U.S. mar-

"The success of the American international brands in the far east is well documented, particularly in places like Korea and Japan," said Credit Lyonnais said Credit Lyonnais Laing analyst Jonathan Sheehan.

"The danger is that when you start to move the price of an established premium brand down you may start to devalue its image in the eyes off all consumers," he

A slow U.S. economic recovery and recession in Europe have made consumers more price conscious, giving rise to what some are calling the "decade of values" in the 1990s.

But some analysts argue that other markets may still by more sensitive to brand status erosion.

Markets in developing countries and the former eastern bloc have become increasingly important to international tobacco giants such as Philip Morris Co. Inc., RJR Nabisco Holdings Corp. and BAT Industries PLC, as health concerns slowly SAP

cigarette sales in North America

Analysts say the margins in some of these new markets are not as attractive as those historically achieved in the United States but the ability to maintain

and Europe.

volumes is key to continuing efforts to implement marketing and production efficiencies. According to figures from ERC

Statistics International the top 15 cigarettee growth markets have been in the far east or Africa. Notable exceptions are Norway and Brazil. Mexico is also seen as

a potentially buoyant market. Some of the strongest market growth has been in China, where consumption was up 25 per cent hetween 1986-91, according to ERC Statistics. China, with 300 million smokers, has about 30 per cent of the total world market. It is also the world's leading producer, although sales have been slipping due to emphasis on higher

quality cigarettes. up nearly 34 per cent over the period, South Korea nearly 20 per cent and Indonesia almost 27.

This contrasts with over 11 per cent fall in consumption in the United States, nearly three per cent decline in Germany, and a

1.5 per cent rise in Britain. The easing of trade restrictions with the former Soviet Union and other eastern bloc nations has provided opportunities in the nearly 600 billion unit eastern bloc market, although shortage of

hard currency remains a constraint, analysts say. Evidence of shifting global smoking patterns, not only between countries but also men and women, are evident from recent figures from the World Health

Organisation. According to their estimates the annual global death toll from tobacco will rise to 10 million annually by 2025 from one million in the mid-sixties and about three million in 1995.

Iran gets World Bank loan

WASHINGTON (R) — The World Bank has approved a \$165 million loan for Iran over U.S. protests that the credit would help a country it branded an "international outlaw," bank sources said. The United States, which has a nearly 20 per cent stake in the World Bank, had been trying to generate support for its position, but so far to no avail. "Iran does not deserve the support of the World Bank." U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher told U.S. lawmakers last

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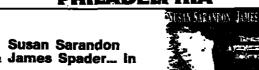
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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

4/4/1993 Close

135.06

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

\$1.5160/70

1.2592/97 U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.6040/50 1.8015/25 1.4817/27 33.02/06 5.4425/75 1591/1595 114.40/45 7.6300/6400 6.8400/8500

One ounce of gold \$338.00/338.40

One sterling

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Canadian dollar 6.1700/1800

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Definitely Democracy

Gas pipeline to Armenia blown up for 5th time in Georgia

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Gas supplies to land-locked Armenia were cut off Tuesday after a pipeline was blown up in Georgia for the fifth time this year, RIA news agency said.

Armenia, which is desperately short of fuel, depends on Georgia for gas supplies. Alternative routes through Azerbaijan are closed because of a long-running conflict over the enclave of Nagorno-Karabakh.

RIA, quoting an Armenian presidential spokesman, said the explosion took place overnight. A government commission had been dispatched to assess the

The pipeline was also blown up last month. There were two explosions in February and one in January.

No group has claimed responsibility for the attacks. But the Marneulski area. where all the explosions took place, has a large Azen population. Armenian officials have plamed Azeris for the previous attacks because of the conflict between their peoples in Kara-

The Azeri government has denied anv role.

Azerbaijan said Tuesdav it repelled Armenian troops from the outskirts of the town of Fizuli. south of the disputed region of Nagorno-Karabakh.

The fighting marked Azerbaijan's first claimed victory in almost a week of heavy combat around Nagorno-Karabakh, a region populated mainly by Christ-

predominantly Muslim Azerbai-

Armenia has denied its forces attacked the Fizuli area.

Five years of fighting over the region, which seeks independence has killed more than 3,000 people and left tens of thousands homeless in the bloodiest conflict in the former Soviet Union.

The U.N. Security Council scheduled a closed-door meeting Tuesday to discuss the fighting at the request of neighbouring Turkey, which has cultural and ethnic ties with Azerbaijan.

Armenian President Levon Ter-Petrosian issued a statement blaming Turkey and Azerbaijan for the latest fighting. Karabakh Armenian troops

captured nearly nearly 1,000 square kilometres of Azerbaijani territory in an offensive that began last weekend as warmer spring weather enveloped the Caucasus Mountains.

The captured land includes the Kelbaiar region, a narrow, mountainous strip of Azerbaijan separating Nagorno-Karabakh from Armenia. That victory opened a second corridor between Armenia and Nagorno-Karabakh.

Armenia seized a corridor through the town of Lachin last year and has used it to get troops and supplies into the encalve. Azerbaijan said Monday that Armenian troops had launched an offensive in the Fizuli region, south of the enclave near Azer-

baijan's broder with Iran. It said

and rockets at the regional capit- Turkish military intervention. al, also called Fizuli, from surrounding hills.

The Armenians were about two kilometres from Fizuli when Azerbaijani troops forced them to retreat to positions five to seven kilometres outside the town, Khikmet Gajizade, Azerbaijan's ambassador to Russia,

told reporters Tuesday.

Armenian officials have denied attacking Fizuli. although they said Armenian forces captured hills in the district last week from which Azerbaijani troops had been shelling Nagorno-

"Armenia thwarting all'. peacemaking efforts in a bid to seize as much territory as possible so as to talk to Azerbaijan from the position of strength," Mr. Gatizade said.

In Damascus, Syria, Armenian Foreign Minister Vahan Papasian denied his nation has any territorial ambitions in Azerbaijan.

He told a news conference Armenia would back whatever settlement the Azerbaijani government and the Armenian inhabitants of Nagorno-Karabakh reach. But added that Azerbaijan was not serious about settling the

On Monday, Turkey closed its airspace to all scheduled, charter and relief flights, and halted the overland delivery of wheat supplies from France to Armenia. Turkish President Turgut Ozal threatened his country would "bare its teeth" against Armenia,

ian Armenians but located inside Armenians were firing artillery but stopped short of calling for

Asked about the Turkish government's actions, Mr. Papasian said: "Turkey believes that the current dispute over Nagorno-Karabakh is an internal issue without taking into consideration that Azerbaijan is an independent republic that should adopt its political path and not be subservient to Turkey."

He also said that Armenia's regular army has never participated in any attacks against Azerbaijan, saying military operations were mounted by "the defence forces of Karabakh."

He said, "any solution that satisfies Karabakh's government will be acceptable to the Armenian government.

But, he added, "the Azerbaijan government does not seek a peaceful solution. It rather uses terrorism against Karabakh as well as Armenia."

In Geneva, peace talks sponsored by the United States, Russia and Turkey broke down because of the fighting. Azerbai-jan's Foreign Minister, Teyfik Kazimov, said Monday there was no point in continuing and demanded Armenia withdraw from the newly captured territory as a condition for further talks.

Turkey asked the U.N. Security Council to condemn "the Armenian aggression against Azerbaijan" and demand that Armenia withdraw its forces and stop its military offensive.



Karabakh Armenian soldiers board their truck for an attack against Azeri forces (AFP photo).

Bosnian Muslims threaten talks boycott as Srebrenica convoy leaves

SARAJEVO (R) — A U.N. ∞nvoy headed for Srebrenica to evacuate refugees Tuesday but Muslims said they would boycott top level military talks with Croats and Serbs because of fighting around the besieged Muslim town.

The Bosnian Serb army waved the 18-truck convoy through after delaying it for an hour on the border between Serbia and Bosnia when it arrived from Bel-

U.N. aid officials said it would start the evacuation of 15,000 hungry and frightened refugees from Srebrenica which Serbs have blockaded since the civil war started a year ago.

But as fighting continued around it in defiance of a ceasefire agreed by the three warring sides, the Muslim-led Bosnian army said it would not go to talks organised by U.N. peacekeepers Tuesday with Croat and Serb military commanders.

Sarajevo Radio said the Bosmans sent a letter to the head of U.N. forces in former Yugoslavia saying they felt morally constrained from attending the talks at Sarajevo Airport because of Serb attacks on Srebrenica where thousands of Muslims are trap-

Lieutenant Commander Barry Frew, the U.N. spokesman in Sarajevo, said however that no delegation had communicated a refusal to take part in the talks.

However General Philippe Morillon, commander of U.N. troops in Bosnia, said: "It is still not clear that all sides will show up. We'll wait for while."

He added: "The only agenda will be Srebrenica.' Gen. Morillon told Bosnian Muslim Commander General Ratko Mladic last month that the siege of Sarajevo was a crime against humanity.

U.N. sources say Tuesday's meeting would test the rivals' willingness to move towards implementing portions of a peace plan mediated by Cyrus Vance and Lord Owen which would divide Bosnia into 10 provinces along ethnic lines.

Amateur radio operators who contacted Srebrenica Monday from Sarajevo reported heavy fighting, some of it hand-to-hand, four to six kilometres to the

In Washington, Secretary of State Warren Christopher said in television interview that the United States may soon ask its allies to lift an arms embargo on Bosnia if the Bosnian Serbs continue to reject the U.N. peace In Luxembourg, Lord Owen

but rejected Mr. Christopher's remarks. Britain and Denmark also gave them a frosty reception. Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic said he would walk out of the Yugoslav peace conference "new pressure" was put on his

called for "relentless pressure" to

force the Serbs to accept the plan

forces to accept a peace plan for Bosnia-Herzegovina. "They will not succeed. The pressure is not going to work with

In Belgrade, Yugoslav President Dobrica Cosic appealed to the European Community Monday not to consider tightening sanctions on his country, saying it would only worsen problems in the Balkans. The Yugoslav News Agency

Tanjug said Mr. Cosic replied to a message sent by the FC Sunday asking for his help in persuading Bosnian Serbs to accept a United Nations peace plan to end the fighting in Bosnia-Herzegovina. Mr. Cosic said in a letter to

Danish Foreign Minister Niels Helveg Petersen, who presides over the EC council of ministers, that the Yugoslav presidency had no power to force the Bosnian Serbs to accept the plan to divide Bosnia into 10 provinces. "The suggested maps of the

provinces...do not take into ecount their essential needs," Mr. Cosic said of the plan. Meanwhile, the Security Coun-

cil will not vote on a resolution tightening sanctions against Yugoslavia until April 12 because several delegations, including the United States, are working on revisions, diplomats said Monday.

Council President Jamsheed

Marker of Pakistan said there was general agreement that the complicated document "needs to be well prepared and there are a number of considerations that require consultations in capitals. Some diplomats, however, be-

the peace plan.

attack against Bulgarian

peacekeepers in which one sol-

dier was seriously wounded and

probably paralysed for life, he

In that attack a sentry post_at

Justices dismiss murder case because suspect was

murdered

washington (AP) — Supreme Court has dismissed inurder case that might have vielded an important ruling on police conduct in questioning case minal suspects. The murder suspect had been murdered in the national capital. At issue in the case argued before the justices in November were the rules that limit police in questioning crimin al suspects when they invoke their right not to talk without their lawyers present. Lower courts had ruled that Lower Green's confession of his involved ment in the 1988 murder of Cheaver Herriott could not be. used as evidence against him. But last week the court was told by Justice Department lawyers that Mr. Green "was shot and killed on March 24...in the District of Columbia (Washington)." On Monday the court dismissed the

Pope legitimises Caroline's children

VATICAN CITY (AP) - The Vatican said Pope John Paul II has ruled Princess Caroline's three children legitimate, opening the way to her sons' possible succession to the throne of the tiny Catholic principality of Monaco. The children, two boys and a girl, were born of Princess Caroline's seven-year civil marriage to Stefano Casiraghi, an Italian who was killed in a speedboat accident in 1990. Princess Caroline married Mr. Casiraghi in 1983, a year after her divorce from Philippe Junot, a French playboy. That first marriage was annulled last year by the Vatican, and left her free to remarry in the Catholic Church if she likes. The Vatican, in a brief statement, said the Pope signed the decree legitimising the children on Feb. 23. It was confirming news reports that Vatican commission had ruled in favour of the legitimisation. First in line for the principality's throne is Princess Caroline's younger brother, Albert.

One Faise Move wins top film awards

COGNAC, France (AP) - One False Move, a film directed by American Carl Franklin, has won the Grand Prize and Critic's Prize at the 11th Detective Film Festival. The special jury prize went to Jennifer Eight, directed by Bruce Robinson, and Giancarlo Soldi's Nero, or Black, received a special distinguished mention at the festival's conclusion. The jury included directors Arthur Penn (Bonnie And Clyde and Georgia), who presided, and Stephen Frears (Accidental Hero), as well as actors Stacy Keach, Donald Plesance and Vittorio Mezzogior-

Japan banker botches burgiary

TOKYO (R) — A Japanese bank manager turned burglar set off the alarm system when he a attempted to rob a branch of his own bank, police said Tuesday. They arrested Toshikyuki Mikuni, 37, a deputy branch manager of the Hokuyo Bank in Hokkaido, northern Japan, after he broke into the bank's Sapporo branch. Mr. Mikuni had just been appointed deputy head of the bank's Hamatonbetsu Branch in remote northern Hokkaido. Police said they were puzzled because Mr. Mikuni was not even aware that he had set off alarms after his break-in, something any veteran bank employee would be expected to know. Mr. Mikum told police he had attempted to rob the branch safe.

Robert De Niro wins child support 4 court battle

LOS ANGELES (R) — Oscar-winning actor Robert De Niro does not have to pay child sup-port for a 10-year-old girl said to have believed he was her father, a court ruled. De Niro, who won his Oscar in 1980 for his role as boxer Jake La Motta in the movie Raging Bull, had been paying 2,500 a month since last September under a court order for the child's support. But Commission er James Endman, sitting in Los Angeles Superior Court, ruled that De Niro, who in three separate blood tests proved he was not the girl's biological father, 100 longer had to continue payments. The girl's mother, Helena Lisur drello, a nightclub singer who met De Niro at a Hollywood party in 1979 and began a three year relationship with him, him sued the actor for 8,000 a month? in child support and 100,000 P lawyer's fees.

Hijacked Chinese airliner returns PEKING (R) — A Chinese airthe Civil Aviation Administration liner hijacked to Taiwan Tuesday

flew back to China's southern city of Guangzhou, Chinese aviation authorities said. The China Southern Airlines

Boeing 757 with 200 people on board was ordered to fly to Taiwan by two hijackers armed with pistols and carrying cyanide

Nationalist authorities refuelled the plane and told it to fly back to China via Hong Kong to avoid breaking their ban on direct air links between the island and mainland China.

But the plane apparently ignored the directive and flew directly to Guangzhou, formerly known as Canton, which is just a short hop across the Hong Kong The hijackers had earlier sur-

officials have not yet responded

remained in custody and Taiwan

TOKYO (Agencies) - North

Korea Tuesday lashed out at an

International Atomic Energy

Agency (IAEA) decision to refer

a row over inspection of two

suspected nuclear plants to the

The 35-member IAEA passed

a resolution on April 1 to refer

last month's decision by North

Korea to withdraw from the nuc-

lear non-proliferation treaty

(NPT) to the United Nations,

which can impose punitive econo-

the United States and its follow-

ers to isolate and stifle our repub-

he at any cost," the North Korean

foreign Ministry said in a state-

Following the IAEA decision,

the United States, Russia and

"This is an open hostile act of

United States.

mic sanctions.

of China (CAAC). He said it would eventually fly on to Pek-

The hijackers stormed into the cockpit of the plane on a domes-tic flight to Peking from the southern city of Shenzhen. They asked for political asylum after arriving at Taipei International Airport, where the plane stayed for six hours.

The 13 crew members and 185 passengers who returned to China, all Chinese except for two Poles and one Indonesian, were unharmed. Taiwanese police

They identified the hijackers as Huang Shugang, 28, a purchasing agent for China's Tang Shan Steel businessman selling marine pro-

"I grew to hate the Commun- to China. ists. The Communists make peo-"The plane has arrived in The history of communism is a said.

discussed in the U.N. arena but a

problem that should be resolved

through negotiation between the

United States," the statement,

carried on the state-run (North)

Korean Central News Agency,

out of the NPT after the IAEA

set a March 31 deadline for the

of housing nuclear arms develop-

North Korea rejected the in-

Korea says it is not developing

ment facilities.

N. Korea denounces IAEA resolution

history of tyranny," police quoted Mr. Huang as saying in a

> The hijackers, one dressed in a business suit and the other wearing a waistcoat, appeared tense as they were briefly shown to repor-

The motive for the hijacking was that they spat on the despoticrule of the Chinese Communists and wanted to seek freedom," Taiwan government spokesman Jason Hu said. Police said the hijackers were

ready to swallow the cyanide pills if the hijacking failed. The CAAC earlier said it had asked Taiwanese authorities to

return the hijackers. Tseng Chi-Shui, director of Taiwan's Aviation Police, told a news conference he could not say Factory, and Liu Baocai, 23, a whether Taiwan would grant the hijackers asylum, charge them

with air piracy

"The so-called 'nuclear prob- Team Spirit joint exercises with

DPRK (North Korea) and the provocation" after alienating it-

North Korea said it would pull suspected nuclear sites. Mr. Kim

inspection of two sites suspected stop defying the world's nuclear

spection saying they were military without fail," a presidential facilities and had nothing to do spokesman quoted Mr. Kim as

On March 9, three days before tion after totally alienating itself its pull-out from the NPT, Pyon-from the world community by

with nuclear weapons. North telling the meeting.

watchdog.

lem of ours is not a matter to be South Korea.

If the hijackers are charged, to Peking's request to repatriate ple's life miserable and have created great inequalities in wealth. or life imprisonment, Mr. Tseng

South Korean President Kim

Young-Sam said Tuesday North

Korea might resort to "acts of

Presiding over a cabinet meet-

ing called to discuss the North's

refusal to allow inspections of

urged intensified diplomatic

efforts to persuade the North to

"The development of nuclear

"The North may resort out of

desperation to acts of provoca-

arms in the North must be stopped

self from the world.

end of the so-called CAF (Craxi-Andreotti-Forlani) triumvirate that governed Italy in the late

Former Socialist leader and Prime Minister Bettino Craxi is under investigation in 14 separate

The warnings were particularly destabilising for Italy's largest party because it is in the throes of an internal revolt by younger members who want a clean break with the old guard represented by Mr. Andreotti, 74, and Mr. For-

Probes leave top Italian

party reeling ROME (R) - Italy's Christian Democratic Party, which had a stranglehold on power for 40 years, has been struck to its heart by the latest developments in a

huge corruption scandal, commentators said Tuesday. In the space of less than 10 hours Monday, Magistrates in Milan and Rome issued official corruption warnings to former Prime Ministers Giulio Andreotti

"The (magistrates') warnings strike at the heart of the old Christian Democratic Party" (DC), said the centre-right II "The DC is trembling and tear-

and Arnaldo Forlani.

ing itself to pieces," wrote editorialist Stefano Foli in Milan's Corriere Della Sera.

The warning to Mr. Forlani appeared to mark the definitive

1980s and early 1990s.

"The effects (of the corruption scandal) have reached the very top, to the men who symbolise the old guard DC," said La Stam-

us," Mr. Karadzic told British lieved Washington had assured Broadcasting Corporation radio. the Russians of a delay to give "We are right, we are fighting for Bosnian Serbs more time to sign our rights.

U.N. forces in Cambodia put on alert

PHNOM PENH (R) — The which could be considered hostile Cambodia, Lieutenant-General military component of the U.N. is currently being produced for John Sanderson, follow a second peacekeeping operation here has been put on alert after Khmer Rouge guerrillas attacks that have left four peacekeepers dead and seven wounded, a U.N.

spokesman said Tuesday. "In light of the recent attacks on UNTAC (United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia) personnel, all military units have been directed to increase tion campaign which many vigilance and enhance security measures and procedures.

spokesman Eric Falt said.
"A direction clarifying acts

is currently being produced for John Sanderson, follow a second the information of the military component," he said. The military component com-

prises a 15,000-strong force of infantry and support troops. U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali arrives in Cambodia

Wednesday for a two-day visit to inspect the massive peacekeeping operation at the start of the elecanalysts fear will be bloody and violent.

The new orders, issued by the commander of military forces in

Amalean in southern Kompong Speu province was sprayed with machine gun fire. "As a result a Bulgarian soldier received several bullets in his abdomen," Mr. Falt said, adding

the man was evacuated Tuesday morning to a Bangkok hospital

Bonn under strain over Bosnia policy

BONN (R) - Tensions within Chancellor Helmut Kohl's government burst into the open Tuesday as his junior partners debated whether to quit the coalition over Germany's policy on Bosnia. Justice Minister Sabine Leutheusser-Schnarrenberger said her Free Democrats (FDP) should consider leaving the 10-year coalition if the Supreme Court refused to rule on a bizarre suit pitting them against Mr. Kohl's Christian Democrats (CDU). But other leading figures in the small Liberal Party said walking out would neither help the beleaguered Bosnians nor bring Germany any closer to the new international role it has been struggling to define since unification in 1990.

Angola rebels accept talks proposal

LISBON (AP) - UNITA rebels have accepted a U.S. proposal to resume peace talks with the Angolan government next week in Ivory Coast, news reports said Tuesday. In a letter delivered Monday to the United Nations in New York, UNITA representative Marcus Samondo said rebel leaders approved the location and spirit of the U.S. offer, Portuguese TSF Radio reported. The talks are scheduled to begin on April 12 in Abidjan, Ivory Coast,

Buthelezi: Elections possible this year

LONDON (R) - Multi-racial elections in South Africa are possible within the year, chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, president of the black-led Inkatha Freedom Party, said Tuesday. Mr. Buthelezi, chief of the Zulu nation, told British Broadcasting Television that elections could take place by September and he was hopeful for the future of South Africa. "I think that all of us would like to have elections by next year and I expect that by September, as far as I can estimate, we will have elections," he said. "I am hopeful because the muth-party talks have started. That's the only reason why I say it is possible that one estimates that probably by September we will have elections," he added.

All survive in Guatemala plane crash

runway and crashed into some houses as it landed in Guatemala

assengers and nine crew members on board the flight from San Salvador to Guatemala survived, although several were injured. Fire Department officer Armando Martinez said at least 11 passengers and two or three people injured on the ground had been taken to hospital. The plane, owned by the Salvadorean airline Taca, was to go on to Los Angeles. The aircraft, landing at Guatemala's La Aurora Airport in wet conditions, overran the runway and crashed into houses in the poor La Libertad neighbourhood some 150 metres from the south end of the Shuttle launch aborted for 2nd time

City Monday, but no one was killed, officials said. The director

general of civil aviation, Colonel Fernando Castillo, said all 213

CAPE CANAVERAL (R) - The launch of shuttle Discovery, on a mission to study the Earth's thinning ozone layer, was halted just 11 seconds before blastoff early Tuesday. It was the second aborted launch in two weeks for the shuttle programme. The previous one, involving the shuttle Columbia, was halted three seconds from liftoff on March 22. The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) said there was an apparent problem with a pressure valve in the shuttle's propulsion system. It indicated it would be a few days before a second launch attempt

Tajiks seize 10 Russian border guards

MOSCOW (R) - Ten Russian Border Guards have been kidnapped by armed men on the frontier between Tajikistan and Afghanistan, a military spokesman in Moscow said Tuesday, Russian Border Guards spokesman Yevgeny Znamensky said the servicemen were seized Monday. He said measures were being taken to find out where they were being held and to free them. but gave no details. "We believe they are still alive," he said. Mr. Znamensky said the attackers had not contacted Russian troops to set conditions for the release of the servicemen. The former Soviet border troops, now under Russian control, have been caught up in the bloody ethnic and clan conflict in the Central Asian state, which borders Iran, Uzbekistan and Kazakhstan as well as Afghanistan. Thousands of Tajiks have fled into Afghanistan to escape the fighting, in which hundreds have been killed.

gyang went on a "semi-war" alert rejecting legitimate international after it accused the United States demands for nuclear transparen-Britain — guarantors of the NPT - urged Pyongyang to comply fully with the pact. of fuelling tension by staging cy." Mr. Kim said. **Muto replaces Watanabe** as Japan foreign minister

TOKYO (R) - Prime Minister Japan's biggest daily, recently re-Kiichi Miyazawa named a veteran trade negotiator to replace ailing Foreign Minister Michio Watanabe, who resigned earlier Tuesday because of a failing health. Kabun Muto, 66, a former

farm and trade minister, told

reporters he had accepted the

position. He is to be formally

appointed foreign minister Wednesday. "It is a very tough time fo&r Japan's diplomacy," Mr. Muto said on national television. "I would like to inherit the positive

diplomacy of Mr. Watanabe." Mr. Watanabe, 69, told Mr. Miyazawa lie was stepping down as foreign and deputy prime minister because of his health. While Mr. Muto will fill the foreign minister portfolio, the deputy premiership will remain

vacant. Mr. Miyazawa said. Last year. Mr. Watanabe underwent gall bladder surgery and was recently commuting to parliament from hospital after becoming ill in February.

The English-language daily Yomiuri, sister publication of

ported Mr. Watanabe had cancer and urged Mr. Miyazawa to look for a replacement. Mr. Muto's immediate task is to co-chair, together with Finance

Minister Yoshiro Hayashi, next week's crucial meeting of the foreign and finance ministers of the Group of Seven (G-7) industrialised countries. Ministers from the United States, Germany, Japan, France, Italy, Canada and Britain are scheduled to discuss aid to Russia, an issue expected to domin-

ate the main Tokyo summit of

G-7 leaders scheduled for July 7-9 in Tokyo. Japan has come under fire for not doing enough to extend aid to Russia. Tokyo refuses to sign a World War II peace treaty with Moscow or offer it large-scale bilateral aid until the two countries resolve a decades-long ter-

ritorial dispute. Mr. Miyazawa first turned to former Finance Minister Tsutomu Hata, 57, as a candidate for foreign minister.

After rejecting the offer, Mr. Liberal Democratic Party (LDP).



Michio Watanabe

Hata told reporters: "I decided I would rather work for political reform than join the cabinet." Mr. Muto is a protege of Mr. Watanabe and comes from the same faction within the ruling

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

GUATEMALA CITY (R) - A Boeing 767 airliner overran the